

Counterbalance Lithium Battery Forklift Truck EK20GT-LL

FK25GT-LL

FK30GT-LL

EK35GT-LI

FK40GT-LL



EXXO warrants our equipment under normal operating conditions to be of proper materials and first class

workmanship.

Standard warranty EKKO standard warranty for new equipment begins as soon as the equipment is nicked up from EKKO warehouse

Limitations and Exclusions
The warranty is not applicable for inclusive of any of the

The warranty is not applicable for inclusive of any of the following: 1.Equipment which has been subjected to alterations and/or

modifications not approved in writing from EKKO. Neglect, unauthorized repair, misuse, lack of reasonable proper maintenance, accidents, normal adjustments, improper repairs or placements, use of parts which don't conform to EKKO's

specifications.

2. Normal replacement of any and all consumable parts such as, but not limited to hufraulic oil seeks n-rings and/or narts.

required to perform a regular maintenance service.

3.Fast wear spare parts

 Attachments, components, parts or accessories of products or equipment not manufactured by EKKO.
 I Ised Products or equipment.

Limited Liability

I.Any and all other express, statutory, and implied warranties applicable to the products, including, without limitation, all implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for use, are expressly disclaimed.

2. In no event shall the dealer, its customers or users be entailed to recover incidental or consequential damages, including, but not limited to, damages or inconvenience, rental or replacement equipment. loss of profits or other commercial loss. 3.EXXO neither assumes nor authorizes any other to assume for it any other liability in connection with the sale or service of the equipment.

4.No modifications, alterations or changes of this limited warranty is permitted or authorized by EKKO.

EKKD

EKKO Material Handling Warranty Policies: This warranty policy manual is published to assist EKKO

authorized dealers in administrating warranty coverage. This manual may be revised to reflect changes in policies and procedures as they occur. Only Items covered by EKKO Material Handling's evenessed warranty contained in dealership.

Handling's expressed warranty contained in dealership authorization letter, all corresponding and necessary agreement and/or documents are covered by warranty.



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TRAVELING ON PUBLIC ROADS ...
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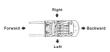
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This manual and the decals affixed to the truck use the following safety alert indications.

SIGNAL WORD	CLASSIFICATION		
A DANGER	Failure to follow the instructions in the message will likely cause a serious accident or death.		
▲ WARNING	Failure to follow the instructions in the message might cause a serious accident or death.		
▲ CAUTION	Failure to follow the instructions in the message may cause personal injury or damage to the truck or other property.		
② NOTE	The information will help to prolong the service life of the truck. The message is not directly related to accident prevention.		



The diagram above indicates the meanings of the terms "forward", "backward", "right" and "left" used in this manual.

FOR SUPERVISORS

Lift truck accidents cause dozens or hundreds of deaths every year, and even greater numbers of personal injuries.

year, and eviet greater numbers of personal algorise. The EURO has statedly improved the design and fathersation of our lift trucks so they may be used more safely and efficiently, but many interests of the property of the personal content of th

This chapter covers the methods of accident prevention which are primarily the responsibility of supervisory personnel.

Pages 1-2 through 1-13 contain instructions which should be enforced by the personnel supervising the operation of the lift truck. Please make sure the operators also read these pages.

Page 1-14 and the following pages contain specific precautions directly related to the operation of the lift truck.

FOR SUPERVISORS PROPER AND IMPROPER USES

■ PROPER USE OF THE LIFT TRUCK



The proper use of a lift truck is to transport a load which is placed on the pallet and stacked within the prescribed height limit. With a proper attachment, a lift truck may be used to transport a load which is stacked elsewhere than on the pallet.

■ IMPROPER USE



Transporting a person, elevating a person, and towing another vehicle are examples of the improper use of a lift truck. Uses which this manual specifies as improper must never be requested or permitted, under any circumstances.

(Examples of Improper Use)
Transporting or elevating a person on the forks or pallet.
Carrying a person on the pallet to control the load.
Hanging a cable on the forks to suspend a load.
Towing another vehicle.
Pushing a load or another vehicle with the forks.

Using the forks or truck body to close or open the door of a freight vehicle.

■ MAKE AN OPERATING PLAN AND DISCUSS IT



Before using the lift truck, plan out the travel routes and operating procedures, and thoroughly discuss the details with all personnel involved.

SET SPEED LIMITS



■ INSTALL CURRS OF RAILINGS



If the truck is to be used on a loading dock, shore wall or other raised surface, install curbs or railings.

MARK THE TRAVEL LANES



Designate the travel lanes for the lift truck and mark them

■ KEEP PEOPLE OUT OF THE OPERATING AREA



No other personnel should be allowed in areas where the lift truck is used.

Where other people must be present, post a guide whose job is to

make sure people stay clear of moving vehicles. KEEP LINALITHORIZED VEHICLES OUT



Unauthorized vehicles must be kept out of the load handling areas. Post signs or give signals as required.

■ KEEP THE GROUND LEVEL AND DRY



Be sure that all areas where the lift truck travels are level and regular. Clear away pools of oil or water.

■ PROVIDE ADEQUATE LIGHTING



Safe operation requires well-lift traveling routes, so pedestrians and obstacles can be easily seen. Use headlights, taillights, helmet lamps or other lights as appropriate.

FOR SUPERVISORS PLANNING AND WORKING AREA

■ASSIGN TRAFFIC GLIIDES TO CONGESTED AREAS



Post a traffic guide in confined or congested areas where other people or vehicles may pass. All personnel must obey the guide.

■ KNOW WHO TO CALL IN AN EMERGENCY



Keep information on hand to allow immediate calls for help in case of a fire, accident or other emergency.

PROPER USE OF THE LIFT TRUCK



Fire extinguishers and first aid kits should be provided and maintained for use in case of a fire or accident. All personnel should understand the location and use of emergency equipment.

SAFETY MEASURES FOR DANGER SPOTS



Post warning signs or take other appropriate measures to ensure

FOR SUPERVISORS TRAVELING ON PUBLIC ROADS

■ GOT A LICENSE?



Before traveling on a public road, be sure that the truck has been licensed and inspected as required by local laws.

■ NO LOAD, NO TOWING



It is usually illegal to carry a load on a public road. It is also not allowed to tow another vehicle on a public road (with the possible exception of a disabled vehicle). Never tow another vehicle, even on company property.

OBEY TRAFFIC LAWS. AND TURN OFF YOUR LIGHTS



On a public road, the lift truck must obey the same laws as any other vehicle. Do not use rear working light or tail lamp.

■WEAR PROTECTIVE GEAR



Always wear proper work clothes for driving. Work clothes should be designed to prevent any part from accidentally catching on knobs. or other parts of the truck or equipment. For example, shirts and trousers should have tight cuffs.

Always wear a hard hat and safety shoes. Wear other protective gear as appropriate to the conditions of the

work site, i.e., Goggles or gloves.

■ TRAIN YOUR STAFF TO STACK SAFELY



"Stacking" means piling palleted load or materials directly on top of each other, without using racks or shelves to separate them. If the stacking work is not done properly, the loads may slip or fall, endangering the operator as well as any other personnel in the area. Safety classes should be held to train all operators in the proper metilods of stacking and unstacking loads.

You'r TEU deader can croxide information about training to safety.

■ TIRED OR UNWELL? SEND THEM HOME!



Do not let people take chances. An operator who is overworked or fatigued, an operator who is feeling unwell, or an operator who is introvinated must not be allowed in the driver's seat.

stacking.)

FOR SUPERVISORS TYPES OF VEHICLES AND LOADS

■ USE THE PROPER ATTACHMENT

opular At	tlachment E	xample	s	
3 5		8		Roll Clamp (For paper roll or dru Archite) Herman (For dumping work or



Avoid hoisting a load with wire rope hung from the forks or an attachment, or avoid lifting a freight container with forks, because there is danger of the truck tipping. If necessary, have a qualified operator use a hook or crane arm attachment.

ent.

■USE THE RIGHT TRUCK FOR THE JOB Be sure the type and capacity of the lift truck is suitable for the

work environment.				
Check Point				
Canacity	Load -			

Power Source Gasoline, natural gas, diesel, and batterypowered models are available. Fuel costs and exhaust composition will year.

Concentration of the design of

best for reach trucks) and cushion tires (engine type or battery type). Both are compact. For outdoor use, pneumatic tires work well. Solid cushion tires, with the same dimensions as pneumatic tires, may be the best choice in cases where the load materials or surface conditions could nurchus pneumatic first.

ammable petrochemicals, a combustion engine is too laterials an electric vehicle with explosionproof or safety-reinforced construction is required. (A battery power source always offers

required. (A battery power source always offers better protection against fire than a combustion engine.)

FOR SUPERVISORS TYPES OF VEHICLES AND LOADS

■ NO OPERATION WITHOUT LIGHTS OVERHEAD ■ DO NOT RELY ON THE OVERHEAD GUARD GUARD, OR LOAD BACKREST



The lift truck cannot be used if the headlights, taillights, overhead guard, load backrest, horn or turn signals have been removed. Any parts that have been temporarily removed for some reason must be reattached immediately.



The overhead guard is a protective device that will moderate the impact of an object falling from overhead, but it cannot withstand every impact. If a heavy object seems likely to fall on the truck. make every effort to prevent it from doing so.

■ ORTAIN APPROVAL FOR ANY MODIFICATION



Modifications or additions that affect the capacity, construction or strength of the truck must not be performed by the user without the manufacturer's prior permission. For example, don't add a

■USE STURDY PALLET MATERIALS



Pallets and skide must be strong enough to withstand the weight of loads. Remove or repair any damaged pallets.

STACK LOADS SECURELY



When stacking loads, place them in a stable manner that they will not easily come apart, and be sure the weight is evenly distributed. Secure the top layer with a cord wrapped like a headband or in a similar fashion.

■ KNOW THE LOAD BEARING CAPACITY OF THE FLOOR



The lift truck is heavier than it appears. For example, a 2-ton truck weights almost 3.5 tons even when empty. Furthermore, when loaded, 80 to 90% of the total weight is connectrated on the rive wheels. Check the strength of your floors and roadways, and it necessary reinforce them.

FOR SUPERVISORS IN SPECTION

■ALWAYS INSPECT RECORE OPERATING



The operator should always inspect the truck before each use to verify that all essential safety features are working. Any abnormality is to be reported to the supervisor, who is responsible for correcting it.

PERIODIC INSPECTIONS ARE MANDATORY

Monthly and annual inspertions must be performed thoroughly, and any abnormality promptly repaired. Only a certified expert who has the advanced skills and equipment is required to conduct the inspections. Preserve the inspection logs for at least three years.

	Name of Safety parts	Recommended replace ment interval(years)
1	Cups and dust seals of master cylinder and wheel cylinders	1
2	Power steering hose	2
3	Steering actuator rubber boots	2
	Lift chain	2-4
4	Load handling means hoses	1-2

Certain critical parts must be replaced at regular intervalys. Since it is difficult to detect wear on the above parts by visual inspection, they must be replaced after a certain period of time. Failure to do so would result in a falling load or runaway truck.

NEVER LISE AN LIN-MAINTAINED TRUCK



A trurk that has not nassed an inspertion must never be operated Hang a sign on the truck and remove the ignition switch, to make sure no one uses it. Then report the problem to the currendent and wait for the repair to be completed

■ DESIGNATE A REPAIR AND ASSEMBLY ■ TRANSPORTING THE LIFT TRUCK SUPERVISOR



Repairs and the mounting and dismounting of attachments must be performed under the direction of a designated supervisor. The body and major parts of the lift truck are quite heavy and under very high pressure. Repair or assembly work undertaken without careful and thorough preparation can lead to a serious injury.



Use a level, hard road surface when loading the truck onto or unloading from a trailer. Be certain that the loading ramps have surficient length and width as well as strength. Do not load or unload the truck when it is raining, unless the ramps are fitted with an antislipping surfaces. It is safest to use a self-loading trailer truck equipped with a jack and

It is salest to use a self-loading traiter truck equipped with a jack and winch. For loading, tilt the pallet with the jack, attach the winch to the towing pin of the lift truck, start the engine, and pull it up. The operator must not ride on the lift truck while loading or unloading.

■ KEEP PEOPLE OUT OF THE OPERATING AREA

Lift trucks are equipped with load handling means including a mast and forks at their front. The front wheels of the truck work as a futrum to balance the center of gravity of the truck and the center of gravity of the load. The relationship between the locations of those two centers of gravity is validy important for safety.



■ KNOW THE CENTER OF GRAVITY OF YOUR LOAD

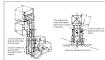
Materials of various shapes such as boxes or flat or cylindrical items may be loaded on the lift truck. In order to accurately judge the stability of the truck, it is vitally important for the operator to know



■ HOW THE CENTER OF GRAVITY SHIFTS

The stability of the III truck is determined by the overall contex of graph, which is the product of the centers of graphy of the truck is graph, which is the product of the centers of graphy of the truck is the center of graphy for the truck, and when it is boded it shifts according to the center of graphy of the load. Since the center graphy of the load changes whenever the mast is sittle directly graphy of the load changes whenever the mast is sittle strength of backward or the first is related or lovered. The overall center of praying all changes. The center of graphy is also governed by the graphy all the changes of the product of the graphy all the changes of the product of the graphy all the changes of the product of the praying all changes.

Size, weight and shape of the load Unloading height Tilt angle of the fork Tire inflation Acceleration, deceleration and turning Surface condition and gradient of the road



HOW THE LIFT TRUCK WORKS?

■OUTSIDE THE TRIANGLE OF BALANCE, THE

TRUCK TIPS
For all't truck to remain stable, the overall center of gravity must be inside the triangle formed by the contact points of the left and right front tires and the center point between the steering inhelia. The triangle defines the area of stability for the center of gravity, all the covarall center of gravity more further broward than the front wheels, the truck will tip forward with the front wheels, as the fulcrum. If the overall center of gravity more surface the truingle to the inject or the overall center of gravity more sucretice the triangle to the inject or the origin or the ori

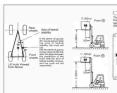
left, the truck will fall over in that direction.

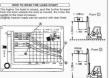
RATED LOAD (LOAD WEIGHT AND LOAD CENTER)

The load center is the distance from the front face of the forks to the center of gravity of the load. The rated load is the maximum weight allowable with the nominal load center.

The load Chart, showing the relationship between the load center and the rated load, is attached to the truck as a decal. The rated load first makes as the load center moves the worth the first first horizon.

and as the overall center of gravity moves forward.





■ ACCELERATING, DECELERATING AND TURNING

The principle of inertia provides that a stationary object will remain stationary as long as there is no external force acting on it, and that a moving object will continue moving at a constant speed as long as there is no external force acting on it.

Due to inertia, when the lift truck starts to move there is a momentary backward force, and when it stops there is a momentary forward force. As a result, if the brakes are applied suddenly, there is a very strong hazard that the forward force will become strong enough for the fruck to tip forward.

Elevative, when the truck is turning there is a centrifugal force that pulls it outward from the turning center. This force can cause the truck to fall sideways. Since the zone of lateral stability is especially narrow, it is necessary to slow down substantially when turning in

order to prevent the truck from tipping.

When the load is elevated the overall center of gravity is raised, increasing the danger of the truck tipping over to the front or side.

A Pand manual and decale

Read the Operation & Maintenance manual and caudion plates in the truck, and become familiar with your truck and operating procedures. Remember that individual lift trucks might be different in

design and construction from one another. Observe the caution decals on the truck Keen this Operation and Maintenance manual on the truck as a



A When starting

Before starting your lift truck (before turning the key switch on).

Apply the parking brake securely. Place the E/R lever in neutral

Press the brake nedal.

Adjust the steering column angle and driver's seat properly. Do not try to adjust them during operation: otherwise a serious

accident might occur. After adjustment, make sure they are securely Make sure there is no one under or around the truck and seat yourself on the driver's seat.

Refore reversing the direction of travel, bring the truck to a complete stop

It is dangerous to reverse the direction of travel abruptly.

Carry the load low

It is dangerous to travel with forks lifted higher than is appropriate regardless of whether loaded or not. Keep the load as low as possible while traveling. Do not turn the truck with the load raised A Keep the truck's center of gravity low while traveling (when loaded in particular)

When traveling (when loaded in particular), keep the forks 20cm above the floor or ground and tilted back, so as to lower the trunk's center of gravity as far as possible

A Do not lerk the forks (lift, down, and tilt) when loaded The truck might tip over



A Avoid sharp starts, stops and turns Start, stop and turn slowly. Before turning, slow down the truck

sufficiently. In narticular, an unloaded truck might tip over when it is turned sharply, because the rear of the truck is heavy.



A Back down and drive up on a slope

Do not make turns on a gradient. There is danger of the truck upsetting.

Keep the forks and pallet at an appropriate ground clearance height.

When operating an unloaded truck on grades, have the rear end of your truck pointed up-hill. When operating a loaded truck on grades, have the rear end of

your truck pointed down-hill.

When descending a grade, use the foot and regenerative brakes

properly.

When descending a grade, never turn the key switch off.



A Stay away from the edge of road

There is a fear of the edge of a soft ground collapsing. Stay away from such a place. Keep appropriate distance from the edge of a narrow road or a platform.



A When driving over a dockboard

Do not ride on the edge of the dockboard or bridgoplates:

otherwise the truck might fall down ,leading to personal injury or even death

Before driving over a dockboard or bridgeplate, make sure it is properly secured. Never exceed its rated capacity. Do not use a

damaged dockboard or bridgeplate. Have the brakes set and wheels blocks in place to prevent the

trailer from moving.

Jacks must be installed to support the trailer when the truck goes into the trailer.



Drive carefully and slowly across the dockboard or bridgeplate.

Give instructions to the trailer driver not to move the trailer until load handling is finished.

Make sure the dockboard or bridgeolate is secured.

TRAVELING

Never use man as an additional counterweight
 Do not use man as an additional counterweight. Do not offer rides to others.



A Reverse travel

When traveling in reverse, always look in the direction of travel. Do not rely too much on the sideview mirrors (if so equipped) and backup buzzer.



A Have a guide when handling bulky loads When handling bulky loads which restrict your vision, operate the truck in reverse and have a quide.



A Prennerational checks

Do not start your shift until preoperational checks are finished. If any problem is found, report to your supervisor and take necessary measures.

AKeep sideview mirrors, backup alarm, and lamps in good working condition

Adjust the sideview mirrors to gain a full rear vision and keep the mirrors' surface clean (if so equipped). The backup buzzer should sound when the FIR lever is placed in the reverse position. If the buzzer fails to sound, have it repaired. Make sure the lamps turn on and off properly. Burned-out bulber must be replaced with new ones.

AKeep your hands clean

It is dangerous to operate the steering wheel and levers with greasy hands. If grease, oil or soil is sticking to your hands, clean if off.

A Mount properly

Never mount or dismount a moving truck. When mounting or dismounting the truck, use proper procedures. Make sure the truck is at a complete stop. Support your body using the steps and hand grips properly. Keep the steps always clean.

A Do not move controls unless properly seated

Do not operate the controls (levers and pedals) unless you are properly seated



A Sound horn when starting

Refore starting, make sure no one is near the truck. Let other workmen and bystanders know you are starting up by sounding hom.



A Do not turn the key switch off

If the key switch is turned off, the nower steering unit ones ineffective, making it hard to steer.

A Safe traveling

Observe speed limits

Always look in the direction of travel

Always look in the direction of travel: failure to do so will lead to an accident. When passing an oncoming truck each other, slow down and use caution to have a safe distance. Moreover, maintain a safe

Observe the specified speed limits Make sure there is no one or obstacle around the truck and in the direction of travel or turning



Do not go past other trucks at intersections, comers, narrow aisles or other locations where your vision is restricted. Slow down at corners

Slow down and sound horn at intersections and other locations where your vision is restricted Come to a complete stop before crossing roads or at corners

A Do not travel over a floor or ground surface covered with Do not travel over a floor or ground surface covered with water. Go

round any pothole in the road. A Do not ger into a soft ground area



A Do not ride on obstacles (curb. railroad tracks, ditches) If unavoidable he careful

A Avoid running on a slippery surface

A Know the load bearing capacity of the floor Before entering a building or going into an elevator, make sure the floor is strong enough to withstand the weights of the truck and the Inarls

A When going into areas where there are limits in height and

wirth use the following caution Make sure there is enough height and width for the truck to pass Do not put your hands and feet outside the truck. Make sure there is no one around the truck Watch out for outdoor electric cables and other obstacles.

ARe ar steer, rear swme

When the truck is turned in forward driving, the rear of the truck swings outwards. Before turning, make sure there is enough clearance from the wall and other obstacles.

A Brake the truck in good time The truck takes a little longer to come to a stop on a slippery surface than on a usual surface. Brake the truck in good time.

In addition, the stopping distance of the truck is longer on a downhill. Keen the traveling speed under your control A Practice safe driving and load handling techniques

Before using the lift truck, you must practice safe driving and load handling techniques. Even after getting familiar with the operation of the truck, operate th truck carefully; reckless driving and operation will cause a personal injury or an accident.

A When using multiple trucks When operating multiple toucks, remember that their operating controls have their own characteristics even if the trucks are of the same specification. If you change the trucks, keep this point in mind. In particular, pay attention to the brake system.

LOAD HANDLING

A WARNING

Never overload Know the rated capacity of your lift truck and its attachment, if any, and never exceed it; otherwise the ray wheels will

any, and never exceed it; otherwise the rear wheels will be raised, thus making it difficult to travel and turn. There is also danger of the truck tipping over.

Never lift a load over anyone Never permit anyone to stand under raised forks. The forks might fall down unexpectedly, thus causing a

Never elevate a man Never allow other person(s) to ride on the forks. He might fall off the forks, getting injured.

personal injury.

Do not put your hands or feet into the load handling system Never put your hands or feet on the mast or mast connecting members; otherwise your hands or feet might be cut if the mast moves unexprectedly.





A Do not lift off-centered loads

Make sure that the loads are evenly positioned across the forks and

that the load's center of gravity is aligned with the truck's center of gravity. Off-centered loads might cause the truck to turn over.

A Make loads come in contact with load backrest Insert the forks into the pallet as far as possible to make the loads

ADo not lift unstable loads

Do not handle unstable loads. When handling loose loads, make sure they are stable enough before lifting.

A Use due caution when handling loads.
When handling loads, fix them with ropes or others, to prevent from falling off.

A Do not stack loads too high on forks

Do not stack loads on forks in such a way that the top of loads
exceeds the load backrest height, otherwise, loads might fall to the
coverator skide, and in the worst case lead to a serious injury or





A Do not tilt the most with loads high

Use minimum forward and reverse tilt when stacking and unstacking loads. Never tilt forward unless the load is over stack; otherwise the truck might tip over.



A Do not lift or start with mast tilted forward.

When the mast is tilted forward, do not perform the following operations: Iffing the forks and starting and traveling the truck.

A Do not stack or unstack loads on a sloping grade

A slack chain means the m

A stack chain means the mast tail or carriage hang-up, which might cause the sudden fall of loads or carriage or the truck to tip over. Keep the lift chains stretched tight at all time.

▲ Do not use your truck for purposes other than specified

Do not use the truck to open or close the doors of freight cars or warehouses.

Do not rush other trucks

Do not hoist loads, using ropes hung on the forks.

Do not but another vertices.

Do not push or pull loads with forks; otherwise, the load might fall off or get damaged. In particular, the truck with the max. lift height of more than 150 cm might tip over. If you try to do that.

A Adjust fork spacing properly

Adjust the fork spacing suitable according to the size of the load.

A Adjust fork spacing with your feet Adjust the fork spacing with your feet. Do not use your hands. You hands might get cirched between the forks and carriage.



A Make sure forks are securely locked

After adjusting the fork spacing, lock the forks with fork stoppers Unlocked forks will slide during traveling, causing the load to fall off.

LOAD HANDLING

A Keep the tension of the right and left chains even Uneven tension of the right and left chains means uneven loads

even if they are properly placed on the forks. It may also lead to broken chains.

A Pay attention to the fork tips The fork tips are sharp and could cause personal injury. In addition,

if they catch on obstructions, the truck might lose control, leading to an accident.

A Keep anyone but a guide away from the working area

A Do not let other persons or truck approach your lift truck

during operation

When working in a group, have a person present to always

guidance and follow his instructions

Use pallets and skids strong enough Pallets and skids must be strong enough to withstand the weight of loads. Use of a damaged pallet or skid might let the load fall off the

A Use extreme caution when handling long or bulky loads

Lift and lower the load carefully so as not to hit it against something around the truck. Keep the load as low as possible. Be careful when turning the truck, to prevent it from moving out of position or falling off.

A Be alert for overhead hazards

Use caution not to let the mast or overhead guard contact overhead power cables, piping, sprinklers or overhead cross beams. If part of

the truck comes in contact with them, the load might fall off the forks or the truck tip over. Remember that the mast height becomes higher when the forks are raised.

Do not pick up loads from other truck

Do not pick up loads from raised forks of other truck. This might

cause an off-centered load or the load to fall off.

Do not hold loads on the forks by hand. If the truck moves unewpectedly the load might fall off peting the person caught under

unexpectedly, the load might fall off, getting the person caught under

Do not squeeze loads into the stack
Do not squeeze loads into the stack using the truck's traction force.
This will damage the truck or loads, causing the truck to tip over.

A Do not hang loads with wire ropes attached directly on the forks

Do not hang loads with wire ropes attached directly on the forks or attachment. If the wire ropes break or slide off, a personal injury might result, in particular, the use of a wire rope hung on one of the forks might cause the truck to turn over.



Use a hook attachment or crane arm attachment to hang loads. Make sure that the wire ropes are strong enough to withstand the weight of the load and properly attached. The length of the ropes should be as short as possible but with adequate spread angle between legs. Carefully travel and turn when hancing a load with wire noses:

Carefully travel and turn when hanging a load with wire ropes; otherwise, if the load swings, the truck might turn over. Keep the load as low as possible.



Remove the key.

A When leaving the truck, observe the following conditions. Lower the forks on the ground at an out-of-traffic area.

Tilt the forks a little forward to make the fork tips in close contact. with the ground surface.

Apply the parking brake. Turn the key switch off.

Place the direction control lever in neutral



A Park at the specified area

A Park on a hard surface

A Park at an out-of-traffic area Park at an out-of-traffic area. Avoid parking near emergency exits.

stairs or fire burirants A Do not park near flammables

A Block the wheels when parking on a slope

If unavoidable to park on a slope, apply the parking brake securely and block the wheels

A When parking a faulty truck

When it is not nossible to lower the forks on the ground due to a faulty load handling mechanism, attach a sign to the tip of the forks. to prevent pedestrians and other vehicles from bumping against the forks. Park the truck at an out-of-traffic area and take measures so as not to let neonle pass under the raised forks

A Remove the key from a faulty truck and put up a sign Turn the key switch off and remove the key. Attach a sign in the control area stating DO NOT OPERATE.

ADo not ride on front quard It is dangerous to use the truck body or mast as a ladder to ride on a

You might be caught between the mast and truck body, resulting in a serious arrident



A WARNING

Inspection and maintenance of the truck should be performed only by qualified and authorized personnel Improper inspection maintenance or renairs will cause

A Park on a hard, level ground Refore performing inspection and maintenance, make sure to park the trunk on a hard level surface. Also make sure the place is dry

A Have a good ventilation

When performing inspection and maintenance indoors, have a good ventilation. A Have a fire prevention equipment handy

Have a fire prevention equipment handy whenever working indoors.

A Make sure the forks and other attachment (if any) are on the ground

A Turn the key switch off

Make sure to turn the key switch off and disconnect the battery

A Linjess otherwise specified, key switch must be off Unless otherwise needed the trunk is to be narked with the key switch off, and battery receptacle disconnected.

A Place all the load control levers in neutral

Make sure the accelerator lever and load control levers are in

Wine any spilt oil or grease

Wipe any spilt oil or grease. If the truck is contaminated with oil or grease, it is difficult for you to find possible gracks or other defects.

No fire (when handling lubricants, batteries, cloth wetted

No fire. Never amoke or use fire or naked flame when handling lubricants, batteries or cloth wetted with oil.

Avoid loose fitting clothing Wear protective clothing called for by job conditions.

Wear safety gear (hard hat, safety shoes, safety shoes, safety glasses, gloves!

Use caution not to fall down from the truck when working on the truck

Do not put your feet under the forks

Use caution not to not your finders ninched in the floor Be careful so as not to get your fingers caught when closing the battery cover or doors.

INSPECTION AND SERVICE

A If unavoidable to work under raised forks or attachment, use a stable support under the inner mast and/or the carriage to prevent the forks or attachment from falling

A When working in a group, have a leader and follow his instructions

down unexpectedly. A When working in a sinstructions A Use appropriate tools

Use appropriate tools
Use appropriate tools suitable for the job you have been assigned.
Use of inappropriate tools might cause a serious accident.

Do not use tools for purposes other than specified
 Do not use tools for purposes other than specified. It can cause a serious accident.

▲ Hydraulic oil is hot immediately after the operation of the truck is stopped

Immediately after the operation or running of the truck is stopped, the hydraulic oil is hot and in high pressure. Do not try to drain the hydraulic oil or replace the filter. Hot oil might spout out to cause human.

A Release oil pressure before working

immediately net medical attention

The hydraulic circuit has residual pressure. Before working on the system, release the pressure. To check for oil leaks, wear safety glasses and gloves and use a piece of caroboard or wood. High pressure oil penetrates the skin. It can cause bindness.

A Checking of accumulator and piping is hazardous Inspection of piping where an accumulator is installed is hazardous. When it needs to be inspected, ask your TEU dealer.

A When high pressure oil comes in contact with your body.

Remove the battery receptacles before working on rotating

parts
Use due caution when working on rotating parts, not to get your
body entangled in them. Before checking a rotating part, make sure
to turn the key switch off and disconnect the battery receptacles. Do
not bring something near rotating parts.



Do not use the mast as a ladder

When carrying out checks or adjustment, do not use the connection member or load backrest as a ladder. The mast might move unexpectedly, pinching or cutting your hands or feet.

Do not use the mast as a ladder. You might fall down from the mast, leading to a serious accident.

Caution to be taken when adjusting tire inflation pressure

(rim, compressor)
When checking tire inflation pressure, position yourself in the path

of rotation, not on the side of the tire.

When inflating a tire using a compressor, first adjust the air pressure of the compressor; otherwise the air pressure will rise to the maximum pressure of the compressor, leading to a serious accident.

Inflating tires to a high pressure requires special skill.
Inflating tires requires special skill. Tires must be inflated only by a

When using compressed air, wear safety glasses and mask. When inflating tires, wear safety glasses and mask because dust might get into your eyes or mouth.



Leave the disassembly and reassembly of tires, tubes and rims to a specialist

The inflation pressure of tires of the lift truck is very high (about 700 to 1000 RFa) and thus due caution must be required to disassemble or eassemble the tires. An improperly reassembled tire might cause explosion to let parts fly into pieces, resulting in a serious personal influer.

A Do not loosen the wheel assembly nots when changing a

The wheel assembly is locked in two ways: Hub nut type and nut type. In the hub nut type wheel assembly, the wheel is installed to the hub; in the nut type, a wedge ring is inserted between the wheel

and the hub to lock the wheel assembly.

The tire is socured with the side ring and the lock ring.

When removing a tire from the truck, make sure the lock ring is socurely installed; otherwise, the side ring, tire, and wedge ring might burst out, resulting in a severe accident.

A Do not loosen bolts and nuts of split rim assembly. The wheel has hub nuts that secure the wheel to the hub and rin

ruts and bolts that assemble two rims together. When removing a fire from the truck, do not loosen the bolts and ruts of the split rim assembly.

If the bolts and ruts of the split rim assembly are removed, the rims, bolts or ruts might blow off due to the internal creasure of the tim.

bolts or nuts might blow off due to the internal pressure of the tire, to cause a serious personal injury. When replacing the rim assembly, install a new rim assembly with the head of each of the dowel bolts of the rim assembly pointing rutsirist Chile helms make it difficult to income the rim holts with the

fire attached to the truck. Some bolts have a special shape for this purpose.)

After replacing tires, test run the truck to check to see if the hub rules are securely lightened. If a loose hub rul is found, lighten it to

A WARNING

Cautions to be taken when using the jack

Do not enter under the truck while it is jacked up. The truck might fall, getting you caught under it. Before jacking up the truck, remove the loads from the

truck.

When jacking up the truck, the operator must leave the

Lift the truck a little off the ground surface and put supports at both sides of the frame to prevent the truck from falling

Before jacking up, block the wheels to prevent them from rotating unexpectedly.

Lifting the truck must be performed only by qualified personnel (for crane or slinging work).

The truck must be lifted by attaching wire rooss to the

designated parts.
Use strong wire ropes
Make sure the wire ropes are strong enough to lift the truck

the specified torque.

A Obey regulations

When disposing of waste oil, solvent, or discharged battery, obey the regulations and rules.



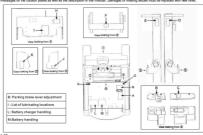


A WARNING

Never hoist your lift truck by attaching ropes or wires to its overhead guard or counterweight, otherwise there is the possibility of the chassis getting damage or falling. If hoisting the lift truck is necessary for any reason such as transportation, use an optional "Chassis Lifting Eye". For the Chassis Lifting Eye, consult your TEU dealer.

CALITION PLATES

The caution plates attached to the lift truck evoluin cautions to be taken when using the truck, and procedures for operating the truck. Read messages on the caution plates as well as the description in this manual. Damaged or missing decals must be replaced with new ones.



K.Warning decal for handling inflated tires



N.Load chart: Do not overload! (For load charts, see page 5-4.)

The instructions on the caution plates carried in this manual may differ from those on the caution plates attached to the truck body. In such a case, observe the instructions on the caution plates

3. Tire inflation pressure (example)



A.Safe operation

A WARNING YOU MUST FOLLOW THESE RULES TO HUDED SEVERE DROWN OR DEATH TO YOURSELF AND OTHERS.

- Sepulation of all incines.

C.Warning for front guard



F.Warning for mast connecting members



D.E. Warning for load handling



G. Entanglement



■ Caution plate for handling batteries















A DANGER

Pay attention to an open flame or static electricity which might cause an explosion or a fire Suffuric acid will cause painful and serious burns if it gets on the skin. It can cause blindness if it gets into eves.

Touching a conducting part with bare hands will cause an electric shock accident. Do not connect or disconnect the battery plugs with the battery turned CNI; otherwise you might get burnt or an explosion might

No fire. Do not smoke. Keep sparks or flames away from batteries.

Static electricity: Do not clean batteries with a duster or dry cloth. Ventilation: Get a good ventilation. Do not use or charge batteries in c closed place or an area where ventilation is poor.

Sufficie and If sufficie and comes in contact with your skin or defining with it away using a contract amount of water immediately If suffuric acid cets into your eves, wash your eves with a conjous amount of water immediately and cet to a doctor

Electrolyte level. Keep the battery electrolyte level proper at all times. If the level is too low, the battery will build up heat, if the level is too high, electric leakage will occur.

Fig. 15 shock arristent Wear safety classes, nabber clases, and shoes with rubber soles when servicino or inspection batterie

The following symbols, found throughout this manual, alert you to potentially hazardous conditions to the owner and the operator. Become completely familiar with the truck before proceeding with operating, checking and servicing.

This manual and decal affixed to the truck use the following safety

SIGNAL WORD CLASSIFICATION

A DANGER Failure to follow the instructions in the message will likely cause a serious accident or death.

AWARNING Failure to follow the instructions in the message might cause a serious accident or death.

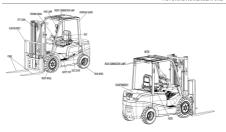
A CAUTION Failure to follow the instructions in the message may cause personal injury or damage to the truck or other property.

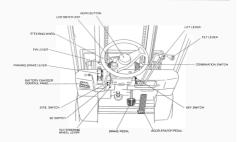
The information will help to prolong the service life of the truck. The message is not directly related to accident prevention.

2.OPERATING CONTROLS

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PICTORIAL NOMENCLATURE	2 1
NSTRUMENTS AND CONTROLS-	
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SWITCHES



KEN SMITCH

A CAUTION

Disconnect the battery receptacle before working on the electric components. The electric circuit is live even if the key switch is turned OFF. Refore leaving the truck make sure the key switch is turned off and remove the

key. OFF The key switch is OFF Key insertion and draw-out position.

ON.... The electric circuit is closed. After 1 becomes ready for operation. The power indicator lights up.

管 NOTE

If the following operation is carried out the safety circuit of the truck is activated. In this state the truck won't start If you want to start the truck, release the safety

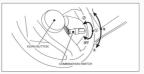
The F/R (Forward/Reverse) lever is onerated with the key switch OFF (That is, the key switch is turned on with the forward/reverse lever in positions other than neutral.)

- Resetting the safety circuit-Place the FIR lever in neutral and turn the key switch OFF and then ON.

Operation Device and Method of Usage

RECENERATIVE RRAKING

- The driving direction of the vehicle is same as that of near lever /For example When the vehicle moves forward, the gear lever is in "D" position) Release the accelerator nedal and nu
- ■During regenerative braking, the foo
 - leaves the brake pedal. Hit the accelerator pedal, and then release when the driving speed is close to 0km/h.



COMBINATION SWITCH (LIGHTING)

This light switch can be rotated in 2 steps. Stage OFF (I)

Light	UFF	w w	~
Clearance light	OFF	ON	ON
Tail light	OFF	ON	ON
Head light	OFF	OFF	ON

@ NOTE The above lights turn on or off regardle of the position of the key switch. Remember to turn them off when les the truck

(TURN SIGNAL)

Use the turn signals (front and rear) to indicate the traveling direction of the truck. Right lights turn on.

I off lights turn on

部 NOTE The turn signal lever auto returns to neutral when the steering whe is returned to the straight position.

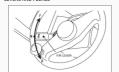
The turn signal lever may be optionally located at the right side of the stee

HORN BUTTON switch position.

Press the horn button at the center of the steering wheel to sound the horn.

The horn sounds regardless of the key

LEVERS AND PEDALS



E/RIEVER

Use this lever to select the traveling direction of the truck.

F	Forward
N	Neutral (Nappears on the display.)
R	Reverse (The back-up light comes
	on and the back-up buzzer sounds.)

■ Regeneration (switch-back This truck is equipped with regenerative brake system. The

regeneration)

conditions are met

recenerative brake system automatically returns electric energy created by braking to the batteries for better use of energy. It operates when the following

·The annelerator nedal is stenned on .The EIR lever is reversed while traveling.

STEEDING WHEEL

Steering wheel

A CAUTION

Do not turn the key switch OFF while traveling. When the key switch is turned OFF, steering operation becomes hard

When traveling the truck, hold the steering wheel knob with your left hand. Do not remove your hand from the knob while traveling. The truck comes with poser steering to provide smooth, light steering with the key switch on.



STEERING WHEEL LEVER

A CAUTION

A CAUTION When parking on a grade, be sure to

When parking on a grade, be sure to block the wheels. Before pulling the parking brake lever, step on the brake pedal.

Flewer, step on the orace pecual.

Set the parking brakes to park the truck. Pulling the lever toward you applies the brakes to the two front wheels. The indicator (P) lights up on the LCD. To release the parking brakes, push the

parking brake lever forward.

Set the steering column at the most comfortable position before trying to start the truck.

After adjusting the steering column position, turn the lever in the direction of "A" to look the steering column.

Never try to adjust the steering

The steering wheel column can be tilted

forward and backward according to the operator's physique. Turn the lever in the direction of "8" to loosen the steering wheel column. After adjustment, turn the lever to "A" to look.



LIET LEVER

lever.

A CAUTION

Seat yourself in the operators seat and make sure there is no one around the truck before trying to operate the lift

Pulling back the lever will raise the forks and pushing forward it will lower the forks. The lifting speed of the forks can be controlled by the tilt angle of the lever.

TILT LEVER

A courses

▲ CAUTION

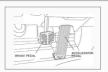
Seat yourself in the operators seat and make sure there is no one around the truck before trying to operate the tilt.

Pulling the tilt lever will tilt backward the mast and pushing forward it will tilt the mast forward.

The tilting speed of the mast can be controlled by the tilt angle of the tilt lever.

F NOTE
If the tilt lever is operated with the key
switch OFF, the mast won't tilt forward
due to the operation of the tilt-lock
mechanism incorporated in the control

valve. This is not the malfunction the system.



PEDALS
The truck has 2 foot controls: brake pedal and accelerator pedal (from the left).

BRAKE PEDAL

Step on the brake pedal to slow down the truck. Brake lamps light up when the brake pedal is presented.

pedal is pressed.

Before stepping on the brake pedal, release the accelerator pedal first.

ACCEL ERATOR REDAL

all The accelerator pedal controls the traveling speed of the truck.

Turn the key switch ON and shift the F/R lever into forward or reverse, and step on the accelerator pedal. The traveling speed is indicated on the display.

A CAUTION

Do not remove the brake switch.

When the brake pedal is stepped on.

the brake switch operates to turn the brake lamp on and activates brake regeneration.

TRUCK BODY





DRIVER'S SEAT SUSPENSION

A CAUTION

Adjust the suspension of the driver's seat using the adjustment knob before starting the day's work or each shift. Do not try to adjust the suspension during operation.

Adjust the driver's seat suspension properly to suit the individual operator's physique and to provide best comfort.

Turn the adjustment knob to the value of your weight. The seat absorbs shock and vibration to provide comfort during traveling and operation. SEAT ADJUSTMENT LEVER RECLINING CONTROL LEVER

▲ CAUTION

▲ CAUTION

Adjust the seat position before starting your day's work or each shift. Make sure the seat is securely locked.

Adjust the driver's seat to a position to suit the individual operator's physique. To unlock, pull up the lever.

 To unlock, pull up the lever.
 After adjustment, try to move the seat back and forth to make sure that the seat is securely locked.



DOCUMENTS POCKET AND MAGAZINE

The driver's seat has a document pocket and magazine box at its back. Use them for storing the instruction manual and others. Remember to close the document pocket

SEAT BELT

Be sure to fasten the seat belt before starting traveling or operator might be thrown out and, in the worst case, the operator can be crushed by the truck

Pull out the connector at the right side and insert it into the receptacle at the left side until it clicks. To unfasten the seat belt, press the red button by the receptacle, and the belt automatically winds up into the





HOOD STORRED

After opening the hood, make sure

engaged.

Use caution not to get your fingers caught in the hood when closing it.

Make sure it is securely installed. Do not use the truck with

The hood has a stopper at the middle of the gas damper. After opening the hood, make sure the gas damper stopper is securely engaged. When closing the hood, hold the hood and push the gas damper stopper to bring the hood down slowly.

OVERHEAD CHARD

A WARNING
The overhead guard is an importan
safety device which protects
the operator from falling objects.

not use the truck with the overhead guard removed or modified otherwise it might cause

₩ NOTE

Keep the vinyl rain gutter always clear of dust.

LOAD BACKREST

▲ CAUTION

The load backrest is an important safety device which protects the operator from a falling load if the forks disengage from the carriage. Make sure the load backrest is securely installed. Do not use the truck with the load backrest removed or modified: otherwise it might cause





TOW PIN

A CAUTION

Do not use the tow pin for towing another vehicle or for being

towed by another vehicle. Use the tow pin for the following cases: When the truck has bogged down in the mud or a side ditch

When loading onto or unloading from a trailer for transportation

FORK STOPPER

A CAUTION

The forks should be set symmetrically to the truck centerline and fork stoppers should always be set When adjusting fork spacing, hold

the load backrest and rush the forks

Secure the forks with the fork stoppers. Pull up the fork stoppers a little and turn ou.

Then adjust the fork spacing using your foot according to the size of the load you

FORK LOCK BOLT

A CALITION

Do not remove the fork lock hol other than the following cases:

otherwise the forks might disengage from the carriage, causing personal injury. When removal of the forks is

needed. When gathering the right and left

forks together to the center When a fork prong is moved to the center, it will come off the carriage. This bolt prevents the fork from being used at the







SAFETY STEP AND HAND GRIP

A CAUTION
Use the safety step and hand grip
when mounting and dismounting.
Do not hold the steering wheel when

getting on or off. Do not mount or dismount while the truck is in motion

The truck is equipped with a safety step at front left side of the body and a hand grip on one of the front poles of the overhead guard. When mounting or dismounting, use the safety step and hand orio.

LIGHT AND LAMPS

A CAUTION

Check that lights and lamps come on and off properly. If any light bulb is blown out, replace with a new one. If the lens is contaminated or damaged.

clean or repair.

The truck has head lamps and front combination lamps (turn signals and clearance lamps) at its front side.

Rear side
The truck has rear combination lamps (tail lamps, brake lamps, bark-up lamps, turn

SIDEVIEW MIRRORS

A CAUTION

When traveling in reverse, alwarys look in the direction of travel. Do not rely too much on the sideview mirrors.

Keep the mirror surfaces always clean.
Adjust the sideview mirrors to gain full rear vision.

The sideview mirrors are provided on the front poles of the overhead guard, one for





BRAKE FLUID RESERVOIR

The brake fluid reservoir is located under the front guard at the right side of the steering column. The operator can check the brake fluid level from outside.

HYDRAULIC OIL TANK CAP The hydraulic oil tank cap is located under

the floor mat.

The tank cap is fitted with an oil dipstick for easy level checking.

Overview

T43G-A series electric forklift instrument uses a 4.3-inch full dot matrix color liquid crystal display (LCD) to display vehicle information. The instrument is powered by 12V and communicates with all parts of the vehicle through CAN bus to obtain the current vehicle state and display it in real time

Flectrical Parameters

1.Screen specification: Screen size 4.3 inches. resolution 800*480, 16.7M colors, LED backlight: 2. Input voltage: Nominal voltage 12V. input

voltage range 6~15V: 3.Input current: Normal working current 350mA.

- maximum input current 600mA-4. Protection grade: IP65 for front protection
- grade, and IP40 for back protection grade: 5. Storage temperature: -30 C-85 C;
- Operating temperature: -20 C ~70 C;
- 7 Working humidity: 10% RH ~ 95% RH-

Main Interface and Icon Description

The main interface is as follows, and uses the three-segment design, i.e., left, middle and right, where the left segment displays the current vehicle speed, the right segment displays the current state of charge (SOC), and the middle segment displays the current forward direction. vehicle speed mode and fuel nump system mode.

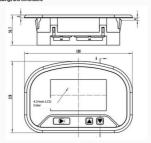


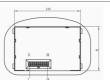
No.	Display Content	Display Mode	Remarks
		0.0	Digital display
1	Speed Display		loon display; the icon turns green when the vehicle speed is less than 20 Km/h, and turns red when the vehicle speed is higher than 20 Km/h;
			Digital display
2	Battery Level		lcon display; the icon turns red when the SOC is lower than 15%, and turns green when the SOC is more than 15%;

No.	Display Content	Display Mode	Remarks
			Indicating Drive Gear;
3	Gear Information		Indicating Parking Gear;
		(10)	
4	Speed Mode	SPE	"Regular Mode", which can be changed via the button.
4 Display		SPE	"High Speed Mode", which can be changed via the button.
5	Clock	2021-01-12 10:41:52	Display the current date and time, and the time can be changed via the menu;
6	Cumulative duration	∑ 0h	Start timing after powering on, and end timing after powering off; the funnel icon flashes once per second;
7	Main Contactor State	READY	When the main contactor is closed, "READY" is displayed, and the vehicle is in a normal standby state; when there is no such icon, it means that the vehicle is not normally powered on;
8	Manual Brake	(0)	Display when manual brake is closed.
9	Seat Switch		When the driver does not sit on the seat, this icon is displayed; when the driver operates normally, this icon disappears;

No.	Display Content	Display Mode	Remarks
	<u> </u>	The power battery voltage is too low or too high.	
	Fault Warning	益	The power battery temperature is too low or too high.
10	Icons	J.	Failure of the vehicle insulation
		8	Motor overheated
11	Foot Brake Display	*	Display when the brake pedal is depressed
12	Low Battery Warning	û	This icon lights up when the SOC is lower than 5%.
13	Fault Icon	*	This icon lights up when there is a fault.
14 Fault Code	1-1-048	The Fault code consists of 3 parts: X-Y-ZZZ X: Equipment code, 1 stands for BMS, 2 for VCU, 3 for driving controller, and 4 for fuel pump	
	7 454 5545	3-3-007	controller; Y: Fault level, totaling 3 levels; ZZZ: Fault code.

METER INSTRUMENT MANUAL Outside Drawings and Dimensions





Definition of Connector Instrument side of 20-pin connector (rear view)

Pin No.	Pin Definition	Pin No.	Pin Definition
1		11	Power Supply 12V+
2	Ground Wire of Power Supply 12VGND	12	
3	CANH	13	CANL
4		14	Key Switch (Wake-up Signal) 12V+
5		15	
6	Ground Wire of Power Supply 12VGND	16	
7		17	
8		18	
9		19	
10		20	

Function Description

Key Description

1.OK Key : Click to enter the next menu, referred to as "OK Key".

2.UP Key : This key is to select the previous menu and to increase the number in amenu, and is to select the speed mode and to select the hydraulic mode at a main interface, referred to as "UP Key".

 DN Key A: This key is to select the next menu and to reduce the number in a menu, and is to select the speed mode and to select the hydraulic mode at a main interface, referred to as "DN Key".

 Back Key : In a menu, press and hold OK Key for more than 1s, then release to return to the previous menu, referred to as "Back Key";

5. Combination Key + + Press and hold OK Key and DN Key at the same time for more than 5s to enter the mean interface:

Switching "Speed Mode" Function

Use the UP Key or DN Key to switch the speed modes, and meanwhile the corresponding icons will be displayed on the instrument panel. See technical data for the corresponding vehicle parameters of a speed mode.

Switching "Hydraulic Mode" Function (Optional)

Use the UP Ke to switch the hydraulic modes, and meanwhile the corresponding icons will be displayed on the instrument panel. See technical data for the corresponding vehicle parameters of a hydraulic mode.

Menu Function

Use the Combination Key to enter the menu interface, select the desired submenu with UP Key and DN Key, and enter with OK Key.



"Vehicle Information"

With the vehicle information, the current vehicle state and the parameters of each component can be viewed, and the current vehicle condition can be known.

"Part Tost"

Through this submenu, the water pump and fan can be turned on separately to test whether they can work normally. This function is invalid when the vehicle is in "Drive Gear" or "Reverse Gear". Please use this function under the guidance of technicians, to avoid vehicle damage.

"Fault Query"

The current fault information and the corresponding specific information of a fault code can be viewed in this submenu

"System Settings"

This sub-menu includes four functions: "Language Selection", which is not yet developed: "Factory Selection," which is not yet developed: "Factory to selt the instrument information when a car is delivered from the factory, and operation details can be found in «Cuisid Book for Instrument Factory Settings > "Date Correction", which is to set the time and date diaplayed by the current instrument; and "Version Information", which is to display the software version information", which is to display the software version information of the main components of the current.

CAN Communication Function

vehicle

The instrument communicates with the vehicle equipment through the CAN bus and displays the relevant information. The provisions on data link uper mainly refer to the relevant provisions on CAN2.0B and SAE_11939. The 29-bit extended frame identifier is used and redefined. The bus communication rate is 250Kbps. For details, please refer to the CAN communication protocol.

DRIVING AND HYDRAULIC INTEGRATED POWER SYSTEM

DRIVING AND HYDRALII IC INTEGRATED DOWER SYSTEM



1 General Performance

The driving and hydraulic integrated power system includes drive motor, drive motor controller, oil pump motor, oil pump motor controller, reducer assembly, and related cooling system, oil way system and other auxiliary parts. The entire system can provide driving force for the complete vehicle to ensure driving, and meanwhile provide power for the oil way system to cooperate in the lifting and handling of the vehicle. The driving and hydraulic integrated power system has working status information. collection, information transfer and safety management

2 Safety Information

or damage to the controlled

A Danger

- Do not directly touch the control signal and power signal terminals, veneer components and controller parts with your hands!
- Do not turn or remove the fixed screws. breather valve and gasket of the controller at will! Follow the Instructions strictly for wiring: otherwise, there is a risk of electric shock
- Make sure that the input power is safely disconnected before the wiring; otherwise, there is a risk of electric shock!
- The wiring screws at power terminal must be tightened: otherwise, there is a risk of damage to the controller!
- · After the controller is powered on, touch is prohibited: otherwise there is a risk of electric
- The start and stop of the controller cannot be controlled by powering on or off; otherwise, there is a risk of damage to the controller!
- Make sure that the controller is in the state of no output before closing/opening of the controller input switch or contactor: otherwise. there is a risk of damage to the controller!

DRIVING AND HYDRAULIC INTEGRATED POWER SYSTEM

▲ Danger

 The must be conducted by professionals!It is forbidden to carry out product maintenance and inspection or replace parts during powering on; otherwise, there is a risk of alextric shock!

Wait for more than 5 minutes after powering
off to ensure that the residual voltage of the
electrolytic capacitor drops below 36V before
maintenance, inspection or replacement of parts!

- A Caution

 Handle with care and hold the bottom plate of
 the product during handling to prevent damage to the
- the product during handling to prevent damage to to controller by crashing or dropping!

 * Avoid dropping the hole drilling residues, thread residues and screws into the controller
- during installation; otherwise, the controller may malfunction!
- Do not touch the fan or radiator directly; otherwise, there is a risk of mechanical damage and burns!

 Try not to touch the component body during
- maintenance, inspection or replacement of parts; otherwise, there is a risk of static damage to the device!
- All pluggable devices can be plugged and unplugged only when the power is disconnected!

DRIVING AND HYDRAULIC INTEGRATED POWER SYSTEM

3. Emergency Treatment Measures
Traffic accident:

When the vehicle stops steadily, immediately open the car door, pull out the car key, and turn off the main power switch (if conditions permit, the professionals shall disconnect the manual

② Notify our after-sales department, and it is not allowed to use the vehicle again before the aftersales department gives the judgment result that the system is safe.

Fire:

Personnel leave the vehicle quickly and call the fire telephone according to the site conditions.
 When personal safety is guaranteed, the following operations can be carried out with

conditions:
(1) If the wiring harness emits smoke and catches fire, then use carbon dioxide or dry powder extinguishers to extinguish.

(2) if the battery pack catches fire, then use a highpressure water gun at a long distance to extinguish the fire.

(3) If dense smoke is inhaled, please seek medical attention as soon as possible.

If the fire is caused by abnormal charging, then
 be sure to turn off the charging power supply in
 the first time and then extinguish the fire.

The following symbols, found throughout this manual, alert you to potentially hazardous conditions to the owner and the operator. Become completely familiar with the truck before proceeding with operating, checking and servicing.

This manual and decals affixed to the truck use the following safety alert indications.

CLASSIFICATION

SIGNAL WORD

▲ DANGER	Failure to follow the instructions in the message will likely cause a serious accident or death.
A WARNING	Failure to follow the instructions in the message might cause a serious accident or death.
▲ CAUTION	Failure to follow the instructions in the message may cause personal injury or damage to the truck or other property.
⊕ NOTE	The information will help to prolong the service life of the truck. The message is not directly related to accident prevention.

3 OPERATION

CONTENTS

PROPER OPERATION-	3-
HOW TO USE THE BATTERY-	3-
LOAD HANDLING	3-
STORING	

PROPER OPERATION

To operate the lift truck safely and get the most out of it, correct procedures are described on the following pages:

DURING BREAK-IN

We recommend to operate the truck under light load conditions for the first stage of operation to get the most from it. Especially, the requirements given below should be observed while the truck is in a stage of 200 hours of operation.

- A Always warm up your truck before putting it into work regardless of the seasons.
- Perform specified preventive maintenance services carefully and completely.
- A Never "race" or play games with the truck. Avoid sudden stops, starts or turns.
- A Oil changes and lubrication are recommended to do earlier than specified.

RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN LOAD AND STABILITY OF TRUCK The lift truck deeps a balance of weight between the truck and the

load on the tons with the center of the front wheels as a fulcrum when the rated capacity load is placed in position. Due care should be paid to the weight and the load's center of

gravity to maintain stability



If the rated capacity is exceeded, there is a danger of the rear wheels being raised and in the worst case, the truck will turn over, resulting in a fatal accident. The load placed near the fork tips practically has the same effect that the weight of the load is increased. In this case, the load weight must be reduced accordinally.

PROPER OPERATION

BASIC LOAD CENTER AND RATED LOAD

▲ CAUTION

When traveling with loads, keep the forks 15 to 20 cm (6 to 18 in.) above the ground surface and keep the mast tilted hear fully

The allowable load of a truck equipped with an attachment is reduced in comparison with that of the standard truck. If the truck is equipped with a load-handling means such as a hinged fork, load grab, or rotating clamp, its allowable load will be reduced as compared with that of the standard truck.

(a truck without any attachment) for the following reasons: Never exceed the allowable load indicated on the load chart attached onto the truck or attachment

attached onto the truck or attachment.

Reasons for a reduction in the allowable load:

1)The weight of an attachment is added.
2)The attachment shifts the basic load center position.



The basic load center is the distance from the front face of the forks to the load's center of gravity. The chart given above shows the relationship between the basic load center and the weight of loads to be allowable for the 2-ton truck. This chart is called a

HE STABILITY OF LIFT TRUCK

The stability of lift trucks is stipulated in JIS (Japanese Industrial Standards) or in other national industrial standards.

and TEU lift trucks are manufactured complying with these standards. However, note that the stability of lift trucks is not assured at all times, but only when the following conditions are monetry observed.

The ground or floor surface is level and hard.

The truck travels under standard loaded or unloaded condition.

The truck is operated carefully and the forks are properly manipulated; that is, the forks are not tilted forward more than necessary, when stacking or unstacking. Load handling is carried out carefully and slowly.

In addition, keep the truck in good working condition for safe operation and traveling.

Standard unloaded condition
This means that the forks are raised 30 cm (12 in.) above the ground or floor surface and tilted back fully without loads.

Standard loaded condition

This means that the forks are raised 30 cm (12 in.) above the ground or floor surface with a load placed at the basic load center position of the forks.

TRAVELING AND STARTING ON A SLOPE

When traveling on a slope with a load on the forks, have the load pointed up-hill. When traveling on a slope without load, have the rear end of the truck pointed up-hill to prevent the drive wheels from skidding.

3-3

TRANSPORTING LIFT TRUCK

A CAUTION

Transporting the lift truck on a trailer truck

Securely lock the lift truck in place to prevent it form moving on the trailer truck by fastening with wire ropes and blocking the wheels. When loading or unloading the lift truck onto or from a

trailer truck or when traveling over public roads, pay attention to the overall length, overall height, and weight and

CAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN WHEN LOADING AND UNLOADING

A CAUTION

Never try to move the steering wheel when halfway up a ramp; otherwise the truck might fall down, leading to a serious accident.

Δ Use ramps of sufficient length, width, and strength.

Before loading or unloading the lift truck, make sure to apply the parking brake to the trailer truck and block its wheels.

Ramps must be securely locked to the trailer truck. Their \$\Delta\$ surface must be clean and dry.

Loading and unloading must be carried out on a level

Surface. The right and left ramps must be the same height.

When loading the lift truck onto a trailer truck, back it up

the ramps slowly with care.

OPERATING LIFT TRUCK GETTING ON AND OFF

▲ CAUTION

Do not hold the steering wheel when getting on the truck. Do not jump on or off the truck. You might slip or tumble down, leading to personal injury.

1)Make sure there is no one around the truck.
2)Using the safety step and hand grip, get on the truck from the left side of the truck.

3)Fasten the seat belt for your safety's sake. It will help prevent you from getting injured when the truck tips over.

REFORE STARTING LIFT TRUCK

A CAUTION

It takes about 1 second after the key switch is turned on, to make the control circuit ready for functioning to allow the truck to start.

Do not place the F/R lever in forward "F" or reverse "R before the key switch is turned on; otherwise the truck might not start.

If this is the case, return the F/R lever to neutral "N". Do not bottom the accelerator nedal rapidly It

A CAUTION

Make sure there is no one around the truck and let other workmen and bystanders know you are starting up by honking.

1)Pull back the lift lever to raise the forks 5 to 10 cm from the ground or floor surface. 2)Pull back the tilt lever to tilt back the mast fully. 3)Pull back the lift lever again to raise the forks 15 to 20 cm from

the ground or floor surface. 4)Make sure there is no one around the truck and let other

workmen and bystanders know you are starting up by honking

STARTING LIFT TRUCK

A CAUTION Press the brake pedal fully before shifting the F/R lever into

forward "F" (or reverse "R") A CAUTION

When traveling in reverse, look in the direction of travel and

be alert for pedestrians, other trucks or obstacles in your noth of traval. Do not raly too much on the sideview mirrors 1)Step on the brake pedal.

21Place the F/R lever into forward "F" (or reverse "R") 3)Release the parking brake.

4)Remove your foot from the brake nedal and sten down the accelerator pedal gradually. 5)You can control the traveling speed by stepping on the accelerator pedal.



Do not keep your foot on the brake pedal after starting the truck

TURNING

A WARNING

Note that the higher the traveling speed or the smaller the turning radius, the possibility of the truck rolling over sideways increases when making a travel turn.

▲ CAUTION

Note that the rear end (counterweight) of the truck swings when you turn the truck.

Unlike general passenger cars, the steer wheels are located at the rear of the truck. This causes the rear end of the truck to swing out when a turn is made. Silver down the truck and move toward so to which you are turning. The steering wheel should be turned a bit earlier than as with the finnful-heal steering race.

Grab the steering wheel knob with your left hand.
Your right hand is used to operate the load handling levers.
Before making a turn, slow down to about 5 km/h and turn the

SIMULTANEOUS OPERATION OF TRAVELING AND LOAD HANDLING (INCHING)

A WARNING

Simultaneous operation (inching operation) of traveling and load handling requires skillfulness. The operator is required to know the shape of the load he is going to handle, the possibility of slipping, deformation, and load's center of gravity, in addition, he needs to lift the forks horizontally at a slow speed, ensuring the stability of the truck, Use due

caution when carrying out inching operation.

Do not tilt the mast forward when the load is raised high.

Do not tilt the mast forward unless the load is over a stack or

at a low lift height.

To reduce the risk of the truck tipping over, do not lift the

1)Under the usual traveling posture, approach the pick-up or deposit area up to 3 to 5 m from it.

2)Step on the brake pedal fully (bring the truck to a complete stop).
3)Step on the accelerator pedal to gain a traveling speed suitable for

4)Operate the lift lever to lift the forks.

Ease up on the accelerator pedal. If necessary, step on the brake

pedal.

If not in emergency, you can slow down and stop the truck by releasing the accelerator pedal. Rapidly releasing the accelerator pedal will not bring the truck to a repid stop.

If you need to stop the truck immediately, step on the brake pedal fully.

INC

▲ CAUTION

Safe parking

Park the truck on a level ground, preferably in a wide area.

If parking the truck without load on a slope is unavoidable

If parking the truck without load on a slope is unavoidable position the load handling means down-hill and block the

wheels to prevent accidental roll.

Park the truck in a designated area or out-of-traffic area. If necessary, put signposts or signal lights around the truck.

Park the truck on a hard ground. Avoid soft ground, deep

Park the truck on a hard ground. Avoid soft ground, deep mud or slippery surfaces.

If you cannot lower the forks on the ground due to a broken load handling system, put a caution cloth to the fork

end and park in an out-of-traffic area.

Pay attention to the ground condition because it might be slinners

Dismount from the truck after making sure it has come to a complete stop. Do not dismount from the truck in motion. Never jump off the truck.

Never jump off the truck.

Dismount from the truck, facing the truck and using the

Ease up on the accelerator pedal and if necessary step on the brake pedal to stop the truck. Place the F/R lever in neutral "N".

PROPER OPRATION

Park the truck in an out-of-traffic area and follow these steps: 1)Pull the parking brake lever fully to apply the parking brake. 2%,ower the forks on the ground.

3)Turn the key switch OFF.

4)Remove the key and keep it.
5)Dismount from the truck carefully.

GROUND CONDITION

A CAUTION
Use due caution when traveling on a rough surface.

When crossing a railroad, be sure to stop and ensure the safety, and cross the railroad track at an angle.

Go around obstacles such as rocks and stumps, or pot holes. If unavoidable, reduce the speed and go over them slowly and carefully. Use caustion not to damage the bottom of the truck. Cross a small bump diagonally if the aisle width is enough to do so.

Lift truck performance depends upon the ground condition or floor condition and travel speed should be adjusted properly.

TRAVELING ON SNOWY OR FROZEN ROAD

When traveling on a snowy or frozen road, avoid sudden acceleration, stops or turns; otherwise the truck might skid to cause a serious accident.

Control the traveling speed carefully using the accelerator pedal.

NOTES ON LISE OF LITHIUM RATTERY

• Upon adherence to electrolyte of the lithium battery, immediately rises with plenty of clear water The electrolyte of the lithium battery contains dilute sulfuric acid, which can corrod colothing or skin, if the electrolyte is adhered to clothing or skin, immediately rises with plenty of clear water. If the electrolyte of the lithium battery accidentally osts into vour vess, immediately rinse with plenty rinse with plenty osts into vour vess, immediately rinse with plenty.

clear water, and then urgently seek for medical treatment.

Please use safety glasses during use of the batterylithium Wear rubber gloves, rubber boots, protective classes during exchange charging of the lithium

battery, electrolyte replenishment and adjustment of specific gravity.

Disposal upon accidental ingestion of the

electrolyte of lithium battery Upon accidental ingestion of the electrolyte of lithium battery, immediately drink plenty of clear water or milk mixed with egg whites or salad oil, and then urgently seek medical treatment.

 Do not disconnect the socket during powering on.

Do not place metal tools above the lithium

battery.

 The lithium battery should be charged in a well- ventilated place

 The battery car uses high voltage lithium battery.

No open flames for lithium battery.
The Lithium battery has a risk of explosion due to generation of hydrogen gas. Therefore, do not use items with ignition sources such as lighters and the lithium battery. To prevent the generation of sparks, be sure to turn off the charger switch when the cables of the lithium battery and charger are disconnected.

HOW TO USE THE BATTERY

For vehicles powered by lithium batteries, the voltage of lithium battery generally is high, and there is a risk of electric shock or injury after touch with the lithium battery.

- Pay attention to static electricity during cleaning When cleaning the top and surrounding connecting parts of the lithium battery with a dry cloth and a duster or covering the lithium battery with a plastic film, it is easy to
- generate static electricity, which may cause an explosion.

 Pay attention to the static electricity on human boby Before checking and cleaning of the lithium battery, remove the static electricity on the body where has been in contact.
- Pay attention to the static electricity on human body Before checking and cleaning of the lithium battery, remove the static electricity on the body where has been in contact with the metal in a place far away from the hattery before the start of work.
- Keep the lithium battery or lithium battery pack away from dangerous items or materials, such as corrosive chemicals, dangerous machinery, and hightemperature environments.
- It is forbidden to remove, squeeze, puncture, place at high temperature or bake lithium batteries, to prevent the lithium batteries from being subjected to excessive large vibration, impact of external forces, or falling from high places, because it may cause personal injury or property damage.

- Treatment of accidents caused by unreasonable use of this metrics (inflamentations unreasonable use of this series of products may cause smoke, such as external short circuit, overcharge, and too high ambient temperature. In case of smoking, please out off the power in time, use carbon discaled or dry powder extinguisher for treatment, and bury with saind or mud. In the entire process, the crowd must be necessary.
- Unreasonable use of this series of products may cause the swelling of lithium battery cell, and in severe cases, may cause the case rupture or cracking. At this time, please stop using the lithium battery immediately, and contact our technical department or after-sales service department for treatment method.
- It is forbidden to short out the positive and negative poles of the lithium battery directly. Any metal or other conductive objects other than the compression botts of the lithium battery pole column and the conductive belt should be prevented from contacting the positive electrode and negative pole of the lithium battery. because
- it may cause personal injury or property damage.

 it is forbidden to expose or leave the lithium battery in an environment with the temperature of 60°C and above for a long time. It is forbidden to try to heat or throw the lithium battery into a fire, because it may cause personal injury or property damage.

- It is forbidden to charge lithium batteries with charging equipment (charger, DC power supply, etc.) that are not approved by VEDAI, because it may cause personal injury or
- property damage.

 It is forbidden to immerse the lithium battery into water or other conductive liquids, because it may cause personal
- injury or property damage.

 Onlidren and other people who lack knowledge about safe use of lithium batteries are prohibited from using this series of products, because such use may cause personal
- injury or property damage.

 It is forbidden to use this series of products with other models or types of lithium batteries in series or in parallel, because such use may cause personal injury or
- paramet, outcause such use may cause personal injury or property damage; it is forbidden to connect the entire power system containing the lithium battery protection circuit board or lithium battery management system in series or in parallel, because this operation may cause personal injury or property damage, and if necessary, please contact the relevant technical department of the company to obtain correct technical support.

Emergency Treatment Measures for Lithium Battery
1. Traffic accident:

 When the vehicle stops steadily, immediately open the car door, pull out the car key, and turn off the main power switch (if conditions permit, the professionals shall disconnect the manual maintenance switch):

 Notify our after-sales department, and it is not allowed to use the vehicle again before the after-sales department gives the judgment result that the system is safe.

2. Size:

3. Size:

4. Size:

4. Size:

4. Size:

4. Size:

4. Size:

5. Size:

4. Size:

5. Size:

5.

Fire:
 Personnel shall leave the vehicle quickly and call the fire telephone according to the site conditions.

When personal safety is guaranteed, the following operations can be carried out with conditions: (1) if the wiring harness emits smoke and catches fire, then use carbon dioxide or dry powder extinguishers to extinguisher to extinguisher to provide the carried of the carried to the carried t

soon as possible.

If the fire is caused by abnormal charging, then be sure to turn off the charging power supply in the first time and then extinguish the fire.

DICK-TID

A CAUTION

The fork spacing should be usually adjusted for more than 1/2 and less than 3/4 of the pallet width.

 The fork spacing should be as wide as possible to maintain proper balance of the load.

balance of the load.

2)Place the truck right in front of the load to be handled.

3)The callet should be positioned parallel with both forks.

4)Insert the forks into the pallet as far as possible. 5)To raise the load from the ground:

① Once lift the forks 5 to 10 cm off the ground or floor surface, and make sure the load is stable.

2) After making sure the load is stable and evenly positioned on the forks, tilt back the mast fully and lift the forks up to 15 to 20 cm off the ground or floor surface. Start running.

6)When handling a bulky load which restricts your vision, drive the truck in reverse or sideways.

STACKING

A CAUTION

- Never tilt the mast forward with the load upreised except

when the forks are over the rack or a stack.

1)When approaching the deposit area, slow down your truck.
2)Stop the truck before the area where your load is to be deposited.
3)Confirm the safety of the deposit position.

4)Tilt the mast forward until the forks become horizontal.
 5)Raise the forks until they are a little higher than the deposit resilien.

6)Move forward slowly to place the load directly over the desired area and stop the truck.

7/Make sure the load is just over the desired area. Slowly lower the

load into position. Make sure the load is securely stacked.

8)Disengage the forks from the pallet or load using necessary lift-tilt powerston, and then back away.

9)After making sure the fork tips leave the pallet or load, lower the forks to the basic traveling position (15 to 20 cm off the ground or floor surface).

DITIIt back the mast

LOAD HANDLING

UNSTACKING 1)When approaching the area where the load is to be retrieved,

slow down the truck.

2/Ston the truck right in front of the load where the distance

2)Stop the truck right in front of the load where between the fork tips and the load is about 30 cm.
3)Check the condition of the stack.

4)Tilt the mast forward until the forks become horizontal and lift up to the position of the pallt or skid.

5)Make sure the forks are positioned properly for the pallet. Move forward slowly to insert the forks into the pallet as far as possible. Stoo the truck.

If the forks are hard to be fully inserted, use the following procedure:

() Move forward to insert 3/4 of the forks. Raise the forks 5 to

() Move forward to insert 3/4 of the torks. Raise the torks 5 to 10 cm, back away 10 to 20 cm with the pallet or skid on the forks. Lower the pallet or skid on the stack.

(2) Move forward again to insert the forks into the pallet fully.

(2 Move forward again to insert the forks into the pallet fully. 6)Raise the forks 5 to 10 cm off the stack. 7)Confirm the safety behind the truck and back away slowly to the

position where the load can be put safely.
8)Slowly lower the load to a height of 15 to 20 cm above the ground or floor surface. Tilt back the mast fully and move th the desired area.

BEEORE STORING

A CAUTION

If any time your lift truck is found to be in need of repair, defective or unsafe, the condition should be reported to the supervisor, and the truck should be taken out of service until

It has been restored to safe operating condition.

Before storing the lift truck, clean it thoroughly and perform

Before storing the lift truck, clean it thoroughly and perform inspection using the following procedure:

When away mease oil at antherion to the horty of the truck with

shop rag. Use water, if needed.

While washing the truck, check the general condition of the truck.

Especially check the truck body for dents or cracks, the tires for

wear or nails or stones in the tread. Check for leakage of hydraulic oil.

Apply gresse, where needed. Check for looseness of the hub nuts and cylinder piston rod joints.

Check the mast rollers to see that they rotate smoothly.

Lift the forks up to the top position and lower to the lower limit. Repeat this procedure to prime oil into the lift cylinders.

DAILY STORAGE Park the trunk at a specified place and block the wheels

Place the F/R lever in neutral "N" and pull the brake lever fully. Remove the starter key and keep it in a safe place.

STORING

LONG-TERM STORAGE

Perform the following checks in addition to "BEFORE STORING" and "DAILY STORAGE" operations.

Taking the rainy season into consideration, park the truck at a higher and hard ground.

Remove the battery from the truck.

 Even though the truck is parked indoors, if the place is hot or humid, the battery should be kept in a dry, cool place, and charged once a month.

Apply anti-rust to the exposed parts such as cylinder rods and shafts that tend to rust.
 Cover components which may be caucht with humidity, such as

the air breather and air cleaner.

- Put the truck in the operating state once a week and turn the key switch on. Warm it up sufficiently before moving the truck a little back and forth.

- Avoid outline on a soft pround such as an asphalt pround in

OPERATING AFTER LONG-TERM STORAGE
Remove covers used to seal off moisture.

Remove antirust from the exposed parts.
Drain foreign matter and water from the hydraulic oil tank.
Charge the battery and mount it on the truck. Connect the

cables.

• Perform preoperational checks carefully.

summer.

PROBIBITION OF WASHING TRIVEY BODY AND BATTERY WITH

· In general, do not wash the truck body or battery with water using a hose or steam cleaner. The tires may be washed with water, but floor board should be removed from the truck body before washing. While washing, use caution not to splash water over the accelerator

· If water is splashed over the battery, water or foreign matter might enter through the cap, leading to a short battery service life. In addition, the electrolyte might spill to cause environmental pollution. Wine any dirty hattery case with a wet shoo ran and dry ≥ completely by blowing air. If necessary, leave it to a specialist. If the battery case needs to be cleaned, dismount it from the truck.

After cleaning, the bettery must be dried completely hefore mounted Do not clean the following electrical components with water

· Controller and contactors

- again on the truck · Motors (drive numn)
- . Transformer (in the side cover)

unit. If possible, remove the accelerator unit.

- · Charger control panel (in the hood) · Battery unit and receptacles
- · Meter panel box

STORING

CLEANING

Pull the parking brake lever fully to stop the truck.
 Turn the key switch OFF and disconnect the battery receptacles.

Turn one may as

AFTER CLEANING

AFTER CLEANING

• Use compressed air to blow away drops of water and make sure
the washed areas are completed dry.

• When operation the truck for the first time after cleaning, perform

a trial run and make sure the truck operates without any problem.

Item	Washing with water	Remarks
Frame surfaces, mast, forks, tires and rear axie	Allowed	Use caution not to splash water on unwashable components.
Counterweight	Allowed	Use caution not to splash water on the cover joints of the battery inside the rear cover.
Inner surfaces of side cover	Allowed	Use caution not to wet the components inside covers.
Floorboard and floorboard mat	Not allowed	Do not wash with water because the motors are located under the flootboard Clean them by blowing air. If severely contaminated, remove them and clean with water. Make sure they are completely dry before reinstalling.
Battery hood and battery case	Not allowed	Clean them by blowing air or wiping with wet shop rag.
Meter panel box and steering wheel	Not allowed	Ditto
Motors	Not allowed	Ditto

The following symbols, found throughout this manual, alert you to potentially hazardous conditions to the owner and the operator. Become completely familiar with the truck before proceeding with

operating, checking and servicing.

This manual and safety alert indicat	decals affixed to the truck use the following ions.
SIGNAL WORD	CLASSIFICATION
▲ DANGER	Failure to follow the instructions in the message will likely cause a serious accident or death

AWARNING Failure to follow the instructions in the message might cause a serious accident or death.

A CAUTION may cause personal rigury or damage to the

truck or other property.

The information will help to prolong the service life of the truck. The message is not directly related to accident prevention.

4 MAINTENANCE

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DDEODEDATIONAL CHECKS

To ensure the safety in operation and performance of the lift truck. he sure to check the following daily before starting the operation

A CAUTION

will be nunished by law

If any abnormality is found in preoperational checks, hand a sign of DO NOT OPERATE on the control area, remove the start key, and report the condition to the supervisor. The operation should be halted until the truck is completely

renaired

Check for oil leaks as it may cause a fire. Waste fluid due to lubricant changes should not be thrown away (into sewage, earth, or incinerater, etc.). It will cau water, soil, and air pollution and the responsible personne

Use TEU'S genuine parts only.

electrical equipment.

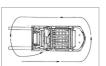
Use TEU'S genuine or recommended lubricants only. Clean the oil fillers and prease fittings using a brush or cloth

before supplying oil or greasing. Oil level check and supply should be performed with the truck narked on the level surface

Preventive maintenance services should be done in an orderly manner with utmost care to prevent personal injury Make sure to remove the battery receptacle before checking

If an inspection should be carried out under the raised forks for them by placing stable supports between the fork mast inner frame and the around to prevent the forks from falling down

Any time the truck or controls are found to malfunction, stop the operation of the truck immediately and report the condition to the supervisor. Never operate a fault trunk



■General condition

Check the truck body for dents, cracks, and tires for wear or nails caught in the tread.

■State of the truck

Check the inclination of the truck. If the truck is titled to either side, it suggests that the tires or wheels are defective. Contact your local TUE dealer.

■Oil and water leaks

Check for oil and water leaks under the truck. If there is a pool of oil or water on the ground or floor, contact your local TUE dealer.



ITEMS TO BE CHECKED

1 CHECK THE RESULT OF REPAIRS PERFORMED ON PREVIOUS CHECKING

A CAUTION

Never try to operate a faulty truck.

Check to see if any defect found on the previous inspection has been recaired properly.



A CAUTION

The tires of the lift truck have a high inflation pressure. Make sure the tires and rims are normal and inflate the tires to the standard air pressure. Do not overinflate the tires. When using an air compressor to inflate the tires. First ad-

just the compressor air pressure properly. Failure to do so will cause a serious accident since the compressor delivers the maximum pressure.

A small bend of the rim or a slightly damaged tire might cause a flat tire, leading to a serious accident. If you find any failure, contact your local dealer.

Keep the inflation pressure of the tires always at proper level.

₩ NOTE

Low air pressure reduces tire service life. Unevenness of air pressure between right and left tires will cause hard steering or the truck to wander.

Underinflation	Good	Overinflation

The standard tire pressure is indicated on the decal at the left side of the front guard.

Front wheels
(both single and double tires) 700 kPa (7 kg/cm²)
Rear wheels
2- 4.0ton

Turn the tire valve cap counterclockwise and remove it. Using a tire pressure gauge, measure the inflation pressure and adjust for the standard inflation pressure.

for the standard inflation pressure.

Then, make sure there is no air leakage from the tire valve, reinstall the fire can.

Check that each tire does not get damaged at the tread surface or side face or bending at the rim.

The lift truck needs tires that have a high inflation pressure for carrying heavy loads.

HUB NUT CHECK

ened to the specified torque.

A CAUTION

A loose hub nut can be dangerous. In the worst case, the

wheel comes off the truck, causing the truck to tip over.

Check the hub outs for looseness. All hub outs should be light-

HUR NUT TIGHTENING TOROUF

	Unit: N-m (kg					
	Front wheels (Single tire)	Rear wheels				
2- to 2.5-ton trucks	471-549 (48-56) The double-lire specification is the same.	128 - 190				
3-to 3. 5-ton	471-549 (48-56) The double-fire specification is the same.	(13 - 19.4)				

Tightening order for double nuts

Double tires are installed by locking the inner tire rim with inner hub nuts (square nuts) and then by locking the outer tire rim with outer hub nuts (hex. nuts).

First, tighten the inner nuts (square nuts) in a diagonal order to the specified torque and then tighten the outer nuts (hex.

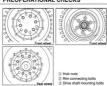
Tightening drive shaft mounting bolts (nuts) if any loose bolt or nut is found, retighten it to the following torque: 95. 11 Nam (9.8. 11.3 km/sm)

A CAUTION Do not use tires whose holts securing the split type rim

assembly are loose.

The front single tires and rear tires use split type rim assembly in which the inner and outer rims are bolted together. If any tire has a loose rim connection bolt, do

and operate the truck. Remove the air valve core to remove the air from the tire and detach the tire from the truck. (For more information about the procedure for removing the tire, see page 425), and the procedure of the tire of the tire of the process It is advisable to ask a special to retlighten the connecting line bottle, disassemble and reasonable the tire and made inflate the fire. (The disassembly, reassembly and inflation of tires about did performed only by qualified to the process of the process of the process of the process of the time of tires about did performed only by qualified the process of process



3 OVERHEAD GUARD Check the overhead quant for loose holts or nuts or damage.

4 BRAKE FLUID

The level of the brake fluid can be checked from outside without removing the cap of the reserve tank.

Check that the fluid is filled to the specified level.



S REAR COMBINATION LAMPS



Make sure that the lens of the rear combination lamps (tail lamp. brake lamp, backup light, rear reflector) are not broken or dirty.

6 HYDRAULIC OIL LEVEL



Check the hydraulic oil level with a level gauge. Open the check cover under the floor mat, remove the tank cap, and clean the level gauge with a clean cloth. Then insert the level gauge and pull it out gently to read the maximum oil level. It is good if the oil is up to the upper line on the gauge. If it is

P NOTE

below the lower line, suppl oil. Too much oil will cause oil leak

If the oil level is above the upper line, drain to reduce it to the

Check the hydraulic oil level with the truck parked on the level surface, the mast vertical and the forks on the ground surface

THYDRAULIC OIL PIPING AND CYLINDERS Check that oil is not leaking from the hydraulic oil piping and cylinders (lift, tilt).

R LOAD BACKREST

A CAUTION

Do not modify or remove the load backrest The operator may get injured by a falling load. The forks may come off the carriage.



Check that the load backrest is not damaged or mounting bolts (4 on the right and left) are not loose or missing.

9 FORKS, FORK STOPPERS, AND FORKS LOCK BOLT



bent or cracked, and the fork lock bolt is not loose.

HEAD I AMP AND FRONT COMBINATION I AMP



Check that the lens on the head lamp is not damaged or dirty. Check also the front combination lamp in the same manner.

11 SIDEVIEW MIRROR

Check that the sideview mirrors are not dirty or damaged.

Adjust the mirror in the driver's seat to gain full rearview when you are seated.

12 PARKING BRAKE OPERATION



Make sure that the brake works properly.

The brake must be properly applied when you pull the lever fully toward you.

Turn the key switch ON

13 LOAD HANDLING LEVERS

Check that the load handling levers (lift, tilt, and attachment) are not loose and can be operated smoothly.

14 BRAKE PEDALS



Step on the brake pedal to check that it moves smoothly. Remove your foot from the pedal to see if it returns to its original position. Play of the brake pedal is 5 mm.

A: Height of the brake pedal from the floor.........90 mm

15 MAST OPERATION

Operate each of the lift and tilt levers two or three times to check that the forks and mast operate smoothly without squeaking, and that they are not loose.

If the frick is equipped with a hydraulic attachment, check it and its

₩ NOTE

WARMING UP CYLINDERS
Before starting the work, warm up the cylinders. This lubricates
packing and seals in the cylinders to make them ready for
operation.



Raise the forks 50 mm off the ground or floor surface and check that the right and left lift chains have the same tension.

If the tension is not even, adjust it with the chain anchor bolt. After

adjustment, securely tighten the lock nut.

17 STEERING WHEEL



Turn the steering wheel counterclockwise and clockwise to check that the play is within the range of 20-30 mm. Check also that it does not move vertically.

Run the truck at a low speed (in a safe place)



Run the truck slowly and press the brake pedal to check that the truck is braked properly. Make sure that the brake lamps are lit when the brake pedal is stepped on

19 STEERING WHEEL TEST



Run the truck at a low speed and slightly turn the steering wheel to the right and left to check that the truck is steered smoothly

without problem. 20 PARKING BRAKE TEST

Check that the truck is stopped when the parking brake lever is culled and that it stays in the same position after stopped.

21 BACKUP LIGHT

Check that the backup light turns on when the change lever is shifted to the backward gear.



Get tools and lack necessary for replacing

▲ CAUTION

When removing a tire from the truck remove air from the tire completely and then remove the hub nuts.

1)Park the truck on a level hard surface and turn off the key switch. Do not have any load

2)Apply the parking brake and block the wheels. Put a lack under the truck frame. 3) lack up the truck to an extent that the tire

REPLACING TIRES AND REPAIRING FLAT still remains on the ground. Loosen the hub nuts (1)-(6). Do not remove them yet 4 Llack up the truck until the tire leaves off the

ground. Remove the hub nuts. 5)Remove the tire from the hub. 6/When reinstalling the tire, use the reverse

order of removal Tighten the hub nuts in a diagonal order and

Hub nut tichtening torque: See page 4-4 After installing the tire to the truck, adjust the inflation pressure to the standard inflation

Rear whee

Proceed in the same manner as with the front wheel tire, except that the position of the jack ones under the counterweight. Hub nut tightening torque: See page 4-4.

WARNING



 Tire servicing requires special transing. pressure is out I posee only WHEE! e Do not knosen wheel assembly nuts "B important instructions for wheel service

a Newer and air to a tire that looks low I at MANUAL for proper pressures.





Remove a tire from the rim

A CAUTION

Before removing a tire from the rim, remove the valve core to release the air pressure from the tire completely. In the case of the split type rim, remove air from the tire before loosening the split rim connecting bot! (B); in the case of the side ring type rim, remove air from the tire before removing the side ring lijks.

ring). The assembling of a tire, tube, rim, and flap and inflating of a tire which has been removed from the truck should be done only by qualified personnel. The lift truck uses tires which have an inflation pressure far higher than those of general passenger cars. The use of improper parts or work procedure will cause with the control of the passenger cars. The subsequent that the control is the passenger cars. The use of improper parts or work procedure will cause without a colorier. Less should be billinger to the passenger cars to the passenger cars to the passenger cars.

putting in a safety cage, even if you are qualified to inflate tires. The split rim connecting bolts must be tightened to the specified torque using the special tool, with the tire inflation

pressure removed completely. Install the split rim on the truck with the rim connecting bolt head pointing





ADJUSTING OPERATING







ADJUSTMENT

1)Engage the spring scale to the parking brake lever as shown above and measure the force required to operate the lever. Standard operating force: 150–170N (15–

17 kg).

2)If the measurement is not within the range of the standard operating force, turn the adjustment holt with a screwdriver to adjust

the operating force of the lever.

Reduce by turning the bolt counterclockwise.

Increase by turning the bolt clockwise.

3)The cable of a new truck tends to elongate.
It is advisable to adjust it sometimes after the
day's work or each shift.

Instructions for Usage and Inspection of Lithium Rattery Description of Lithium Battery Maintenance Method

- Temperature characteristics of lithium battery: Working temperature: -20°C-55°C, storage temperature: -20°C-35°C, optimal operating temperature: 25°C-35°C.
- The lithium battery system shall be fully charged at least once a week during operation (at least once every three days for operating vehicles).
- The lithium battery system shall be maintained every 3 months to prevent damage to the lithium battery.
- The storage environment of the lithium battery system requires ventilation, dryness, no direct sunlight, no rain and keeping away from heat sources.
- (§) Before the first use of the vehicle set aside for a long time is used for the first time, in order to activate the lithium battery system, the lithium battery system shall be maintained for at least once to restore the performance of the lithium battery system to the ontimal state.

Description of Maintenance site: spacious, flat and safe,

- Description of Maintenance site: spacious, flat and safe equipped with charging equipment.
- (a) Maintenance operation flow: 1) Adjust SOC between 25%-40%; 2) Stop the vehicle securely, turn off the power (turn the key to OFF Gear), then the turn on the power (turn he key to Off Gear), check all electric equipment on the vehicle, and ensure that all electric equipment is turned (f. 3) Keep powering on for 12:15 hours. During the power-on period, no vehicle or electric equipment is allowed to use. Carry out full Charge for once after the

Periodic Inspection Requirements The lithium battery system shall be inspected after the

- vehicle operates for every 3 months. The inspection items are as follows:

 ① Any scratches, breakage or looseness of the high
 - voltage and low-voltage wiring harnesses and connectors

 ② Any sludge, cracks, deformation, odor and bulging of
 - the lithium battery box and high-voltage compartment.
 - 3 Any damage to the appearance of the explosion-proof valve of the lithium battery box.
 - « Secure connection among the lithium battery box, highvoltage compartment and car frame.

A CAUTION

Be sure to read INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE in this manual before checking or servicing the truck.

Periodical checks are required to keep your truck in a safe and good

Continual use of a derappid or abnormal fucil may cause a serious acident. Even if a page-series be in a good condition, do not feasive its as its Early discovery of trouble which may cause breakdown or poor performance will growly improve the sorting efficiency and operating, proting its serious life, and lower the materiaerance cost. The effect of the control of

PERIODICAL REPLACEMENT OF SECURITY

	Name of Safety Parts	Recommended replace ment interval (years)
1	Cups and dust seals of master cylinder and wheel cylinders	1
2	Power steering hose	2
3	Reserve tank tubing	2-4
4	Steering actuator rubber boots	2
5	Lift chain	2-4
6	Load handling means hoses	1-2

In order to perform safe operation, the importance of preventive meinterance of the truck cannot be too emphasized. Especially the parts listed in the table below must be replaced periodically since they are the most important parts for security of the truck and the operator.

Moreover, these security parts are liable to be diamaged and

deteriorated in the course of time, and it is difficult to determine by ordinary maintenance whether they are beyond their respective service limits or not. The security parts must be replaced with new ones when their respective service limits have been reached, even if they appear to be good. Any time abnormalities are found, these parts should be replaced.

Any time abnormalities are found, these parts should be replace even during the replacement term.

@ NOTE

Replacement of security parts, however, is not subject to warranty claim.

WEEKLY (50 OPERATING HOURS) CHECKS

Check the following items in addition to preoperational checks.

Preoperational and weekly checks should be performed by the user of the TEUbattery type fork truck.

Check the truck thoroughly to ensure safe and comfortable operation.

MONTHLY (200 OPERATING HOURS) CHECKS

Check the following items in addition to preoperational and weekly (50 operating hours) checks

Adjustment and replacement of components and parts listed as monthly check items are difficult and need sufficient technical

knowledge and special tools Items to be checked

Battery - Equalizing charge Battery receptacles - Damage and looseness

Wiring - Damage and discoloration Contactors - Rough surface of contact points Controller - Cleaning and loose connections Battery charger - Proper operation

Fuses - Rated capacity and proper installation Front axle - oil leaks

Front axle mount bolts - looseness (first time only)

Tires - Tread depth and foreign matter in tread Front and rear axles - Deformation, cracks and damage Steering gear box - Loose mounting bolts Rod. arm and king pin - Looseness, bending, and damage Itams to be charked Rear axle - Proper installation

Brake piping - Mixing of air

Brake system - Operation and looseness of rod and cable

Brake nining - Damane oil leaks interference with other narts, and looseness. Brake fluid - Leakage

Brake drum - Loose mounting Forks - Cracks and wear

Mast - Cracks and damage Mast support - Cap bolts (first time only)

(View Mast) - Looseness of lift cylinder tail lock bolts, piston rod head mounting bolts, cylinder U-bolts, piston head guide

mounting bolts (first time only) Lift bracket - Cracks and damage Loading system rollers - Loose rollers and cracked or

damage roller pins Lift chains and anchor pins - Looseness

Lift chains - Flonnation Juhrination and tension

Pumps - Operation and oil leaks Valves - I poseness of control levers

Valve control lever micro - switch - Operation and damage Control valve - Operation of relief valve and tilt - lock valve Hydraulic oil piping - Oil leaks and damage

.

Chassis - Lubrication

Sheaves - Operation, damage and looseness Rollers (end, side and retaining) - Operation, looseness and amage

amage
Cylinders (lift and tilt) - Operation and oil leaks
Attachments - General condition and installation
Major holts and nuts - Retinitenion (new loaders only)

LUBRICATING LIFT CHAIN

Apply engine oil to the lift chains using a lubricator or brush. To allow oil to enter between each pin and link plate of the lift chain, observe the following conditions: 11L oosen the chain sufficiently.

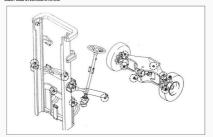
2)After applying engine oil, move the mast up and down fully at least 10 times.

⊕ NOTE

If your lift truck is used near a port or coastal area, the lift chains might be damaged by salty breeze. After a storm or typhoon, it is advisable to wash them with fresh water before lubricating in the manner described above.

PERIODICAL CHECK

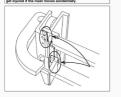
■ GREASING POINTS MAST AND STEERING SYSTEM



MAST REAR SLIPPER (FOR OPTIONAL MAST)

A WARNING

Do not climb the mast. Do not pour your hand or foot on the connecting members or into the mast assembly. You might get injured if the mast moves accidentally.



Apply grease on the U-shape guides shown in the sketch (for masts with free lift mechanism)

PERIODICAL CHECK

3 MONTHS (600 OPERATING HOURS) CHECKS

Perform the following checks in addition to preoperational, weekly (50 operating hours), and monthly (200 operating hours) checks.

Items to be checked

Steering gear case - Oil leakage Steering gear case - Looseness of mounting bolts Gear box - Oil leakage, looseness of mounting bolts Fork stopper pin - Damage and wear

Motors (pump and power steering) - Wear of brushes Motors (pump and power steering) - Rough surface of commutator

6 MONTHS (1200 OPERATING HOLIDS) CHECKS

Perform the following checks in addition to preoperational, weekly (50 operating hours), monthly (200 operating hours) and 3 months (600 operating hours) checks.

Items to be checked

Contactors - Checking contact points for wear and

replacement
Drive motor - Cleaning
Drive motor - Lock current adjustment

Electrical equipment - Insulation Battery charger - Operation of voltage relay and voltage

adjustment

Battery charger electronic timer - Operation and adjustment
Steering over case - Oil change

Hydraulic oil tank - Cleaning suction strainer Hydraulic oil - Change Hydraulic oil system - Replacement of return filter

Relief valve - Adjustment of relief pressure Mast support - Loose cap bolts Accelerator pedal - Stopper adjustment Driver's seat - Damage and loose mounting bolts

Major bolts - Retightening

PERIODICAL CHECK

ANNUAL 12400 OPERATING HOURS CHECKS

Perform the following checks in addition to preoperational. weekly (50 operating hours), monthly (200 operating hours), 3 months (600 operating hours), and 6 months (1200 operating hours) checks

Items to be checked

loose rivets and bolts

Parking brake - Operation, wear and damage of ratchet Brake fluid - Change

Master cylinder and wheel cylinder - Operation, oil leaks and damage

Master cylinder and wheel cylinder - Replacement of piston cup and check valve

Wheel brake - Disassembly, inspection, adjustment and replacement of brake drums and brake shoes

Mast support - Wear and damage of bushings List cylinder - Natural drop Tilt cylinder - Natural dron Truck body frame and cross members - Damage, cracks and

PERIODIC INSPECTION

Checking item	Service Required	Tools	Daily	Monthly (200 hrs)	Trimonthly (600 hrs)	Semiannually (1200 hrs)	Annually (2400 hrs)
	Check shift levers for operation and looseness.	Operate				0	0
	Check for oil leaks.	Visual	0	0	0	0	0
Transmission	Check oil level and change oil if necessary.	Operate				•	•
	Check for oil leaks.	Visual	0	0	0	0	0
	Change oil.	Visual				•	•
Front axle	Check for loose mount bolt.	Visual		0	0	0	0
Transmission box bolts	Looseness (torque250N)	Test hammer	0	0	0	0	0
	Damage	Visual	0	0	0	0	0

PERIODIC INSPECTION

Check for looseness.

Check for bending, damage or wear

STEERING SYSTEM

Checking Item	Service Required	Tools	Delly	Monthly (200 hrs)	Trimonthly (600 hrs)	Semiannually (1200 hrs)	Annually (2400 hrs)
Tire Tire	Check inflation pressure	Tire gauge	0	0	0	0	0
	Check for cracks or damage	Visual	0	0	0	0	0
Tire	Check tread depth	Depth gauge		0	0	0	0
Tine Hub, rim mounting both, rust Rim, side ring Wheel bearing Asia CONTROLS Checking Iden	Check for undue wear	Vousi	0	0	0	0	0
	Check for debris, stones or foreign matter in tread	Visual		0	0	0	0
Hub, rim	Check for looseness	Test hammer	0	0	0	0	0
	Check for damage	Visual	0	0	0	0	0
Rim, side ring	Check rim, side ring , and disk wheel for damage	Visual	0	0	0	0	0
Wheel	Check for looseness or noise	Touch		0	0	0	0
Tree C C CONTROLS C CONTROLS C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	Disassemble and change grease	Operate				•	•
Axie	Check for deformation, cracks or damage	Visual		0	0	0	0
CONTROL	s						
Checking item	Service Required	Tools	Delty	Monthly (200 hrs)	Trimorthly (600 hrs)	Semiannually (1200 hrs)	Annually (2400 hrs)
Tire Hub, rim mounting tool, red for fing bod, red for fing Wheel bearing Adle CONTROLS Checking liters Steering wheel -	Check for play.	Operate	0	0	0	0	0
	Check for looseness in axial direction.	Touch	0	0	0	0	0
Steering wheel	Check for looseness in radial direction.	Touch	0	0	0	0	0
	Check for proper operation.	Operate	0	0	0	0	0
Steering gear	Check for loose mounting bolt.	Operate		0	0	0	0

Operate

Visual

PERIODIC INSPECTION

CONTROLS

Checking item	Service Required	Tools	Deity	Monthly (200 hrs)	Trimonthly (600 hrs)	Semiannually (1200 hrs)	Annually (2400 hrs
Knuckle	Check king pin for looseness or damage.	Touch		0	0	0	0
Rear axie	Check for bending, damage or wear.	Visual		0	0	0	0
	Check mounting condition.	Test hammer		0	0	0	0
Power steering	Check for proper operation.	Operate	0	0	0	0	0
	Check for oil leaks.	Vauel	0	0	0	0	0
	Check for loose mounting or linkage.	Veuel		0	0	0	0

BRAKE SYSTEM

Checking	Service Required	Tools	Doily	(200 hrs)	(600 hrs)	(1200 hrs)	(2400 hrs)
	Check for play.	Scale	0	0	0	0	0
Brake pedal	Check for pedal height and refürning.	Scale	0	0	0	0	0
	Check for braking or uneven braking.	Operate	0	0	0	0	0
	Check for the entrance of air into braking piping.	Operate		0	0	0	0
	Check booster for proper function and oil leaks (truck with power brake).	Operate	0	0	0	0	0
Parking brake	Check for proper operation and allowance.	Operate	0	0	0	0	0
lever	Check for braking effect.	Operate	0	0	0	0	0
Rod, cable	Check for proper operation.	Operate		0	0	0	0
HOO, CADIE	Check for loose linkage.	Touch		0	0	0	0
Hose and pipe	Check for damage, leaks or intervention.	Visual		0	0	0	0
rivee and pipe	Check for loose connections or damp.	Touch		0	0	0	0
							4 - 2

Checking item	Service Required	Tools	Dely	Monthly (200 hrs)	Trimonthly (500 hrs)	Semiannually (1200 hrs)	Annually (2400 hrs)
	Check for fluid leaks (oil leaks for trucks with power brake).	Visual		0	0	0	0
	Check fluid level.	Yout	0	0	0	•	•
Oil brake	Check master cylinder and wheel cylinder for proper operation.	Operate					0
	Check master cylinder and wheel cylinder for oil leaks or damage.	Yout					0
	Check master cylinder, piston cup and check valve for wear or damage, and replace if needed.	Dissonerbly					•
	Check brake drum for loose installation.	Test hammer		0	0	0	0
	Check loose lining.	Versier calipors					0
Strakes down	Check brake shoe for operation.	Operate					0
Brake drum and broke shoe	Check anchor pin for conssion.	Vesal					0
	Check refurn spring for deterioration.	Scale					0
	Check automatic clearance adjuster for operation.	Operate					0
	Check drum for wear or damage.	Yout					0
	Check for deformation.	Visual					0
Back plate	Check for cracks.	Yout					0
	Check losse installation.	Test hammer					0

LOAD HANDLING SYSTEM

Checking item	Service Required	Tools	Daily	Monthly (200 hrs)	Trimonthly (600 hrs)	Semiannually (1200 hrs)	Annually (2400 hrs)
	Check for damage, deformation or wear.	Vaual	0	0	0	0	0
Forks	Check fork stopper pin for damage or wear.	Visual			0	0	0
	Check for roots and teeth welded area for cracks or wear.	Visual		0	0	0	0
	Check mast cross members for cracked weld or damage.	Visual		0	0	0	0
	Check tilt cylinder bracket and mast for cracks or damage in welded areas.	Visual		0	0	0	0
	Check outer and inner masts for cracked weld or damage.	Visual		0	0	0	0
Mast and	Check carriage for cracked welld or damage.	Vauel		0	0	0	0
carriage	Check roller bearing for looseness.	Touch		0	0	0	0
	Check mast support bushing for wear or damage.	Visual					0
	Check mast support cap boits for looseness.	Torque wrench		(Section only)		0	0
	Check for looseness of lift cylinder tall bolts, piston rod head bolts, U bolts, piston head guide bolts.	Test hammer		O (See Sine only)		0	0
	Check rollers, roller pins and welds for cracks or damage.	Visual		0	0	0	0
	Check chains for tension, deformation, damage or compsion.	Touch	0	0	0	0	0
	Check chains for elongation.	Gauge		0	0	0	0
Chains and	Lubricate chains.	Operate		•	•	•	•
sheaves	Check loose linkage of chain anchor pin and chain.	Visual		0	0	0	0
	Check sheaves for deformation or damage.	Visual		0	0	0	0
	Check sheave bearings for looseness.	Touch		0	0	0	0
Attachments	Check for operation and installation.	Operate/visual		0	0	0	0

LOAD HANDLING SYSTEM

Checking	Service Required	Tools	Daily	Monthly (200 hrs)	Trimonthly (600 hrs)	Semiannually (1200 hrs)	Annually (2400 hrs)
	Check piston rod, rod bolt, rod end for looseness, deformation or damage.	Visual/ test hammer	0	0	0	0	0
Cylinder	Check for proper operation	Operate	0	0	0	0	0
	Check for oil leaks	Visual	0	0	0	0	0
	Check pin and cylinder bushing for wear or damage	Visual		0	0	0	0
Hydraulic	Check for oil leaks or noise	Visual & auditory	0	0	0	0	0
pump	Check drive for wear	Visual & auditory					0

HYDRALII IC SYSTEM

Checking	Service Required	Tools	Daily	Monthly (200 hrs)	Trimonthly (600 hrs)	Semiannually (1200 hrs)	Annually (2400 hrs)
	Check oil level and change oil, if contaminated.	Visual	0	0	0	•	•
Hydraulic oil tank	Change suction strainer.	Operate				•	•
-	Change return filter.	Operate				•	•
Control valve	Check for loose linkage of the lever.	Operate	0	0	0	0	0
lever	Check for function of the lever.	Operate	0	0	0	0	0
	Check for oil leaks.	Visual	0	0	0	0	0
Control valve	Check relief valve and till-lock valve for function.	Auditory		0	0	0	0
	Measure relief valve pressure.	Oli pressure gauge				0	0

Checking item	Service Required	Tools	Daily	Monthly (200 hrs)	Trimonthly (900 hrs)	Semiannually (1200 hrs)	Annually (2400 hrs
Starter	Check proper engagement of pinion gears	Operate			0	0	0
Charger	Check for proper operation	Ammeter			0	0	0
Battery	Check level and clean	Visual & auditory		0	0	0	0
Dectrical	Check wire harness for damage and loose clamp	Visual		0	0	0	0
viring	Check for loose connections	touch			0	0	0

SAFETY DEVICE AND OTHERS

Checking item	Service Required	Tools	Daily	Monthly (200 hrs)	Trimonthly (600 hrs)	Semiannually (1200 hrs)	Annually (2400 hrs)
Overhead quart and	Check for loose mounting	Test hammer	0	0	0	0	0
load backrest	Check for deformation, cracks or damage	Visual	0	0	0	0	0
Turn signal	Check for operation and installation	Operate	0	0	0	0	0
Alarm	arm Cleck for operation and installation		0	0	0	0	0
Lights	hts Check for operation and installation		0	0	0	0	0
Back-up alarm	Check for operation and installation	Operate	0	0	0	0	0
Sidentina	Check for contamination or damage	Vissuel	0	0	0	0	0
mirrors	Check for proper visibility	Visaual	0	0	0	0	0
Meters	Check for operation	Operate	0	0	0	0	0
Rear reflector/ License number plate	Check for contamination or damage	Visual	0	0	0	0	0
Driver's seat	Check for damage or loose mounting bolts	Visual				0	0
	Check frame and cross members for damage or cracks	Test hammer					0
Truck body	Check for loose rivets and bolts	Visual					0
Iruck body	Check the results of previous checks	Visual	0	0	0	0	0
	Check general condition of truck	Visual	0	0	0	0	0
Lubricents and	After cleaning, check for lubrication of each part	Grease pump		•	•	•	•
oll change	Check condition of lubricants	Check					0

The following symbols, found throughout this manual, alert you to potentially hazardous conditions to the owner and the operator. Become completely familiar with the truck before proceeding with operating, checking and servicing.

This manual and decals affixed to the truck use the following safety alast indications

SIGNAL WORD	CLASSIFICATION
▲ DANGER	Failure to follow the instructions in the message will likely cause a serious accident or death.

Failure to follow the instructions in the message **A**WARNING might cause a serious accident or death.

Failure to follow the instructions in the message ▲ CAUTION may cause personal injury or damage to the truck or other property. The information will help to prolong the service related to accident prevention.

life of the truck. The message is not directly

5 SPECIFICATIONS & SERVICE DATA

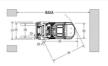
CONTENTS

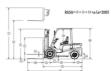
AFTER-SALES SERVICE-

PECIFICATIONS-	5.2
OAD CHART	-5-5
ERVICE DAIA	5-6
FTER-THE-SALE SERVICE-	5-7
ECTRICAL SCHEMATIC	5.8

5-9

₩ NOTE





SPECIFICATIONS

_	1	Manufacturer			_			TEU				
	2	Model			$\overline{}$	FIR20	FLR2S	FIRM	FIRRS	FIRMO		
SPECIFICATION	3	Max lift capacit			ko	2000	2500	3000	3500	4000		
ΙĒ	4	Load center			mm	2000		00	3300	4000		
12	5	Power unit				Lithium Iron Phosphate Battery (LFP Battery)						
18	6	Operator type			$\overline{}$	Driver/Seat						
22	7	Tires type		fwd/bwd		Pneumatic						
	8	Wheel(x=drivin	n)	fwd/bwd		2K/2						
\vdash	9	Max lift height	90		mm	3000						
		Free lift			mm	1	500	150				
		Fork size		LYWYT	mm	1070	122x40	1070x125x45	1070x155x50			
		Tilt angle		fwd/bwd	dea			V12		120100233350		
82		Total length wit	hout fork		mm	2460	2530	2705	2760	2870		
SMENSIONS	14	Total width			mm	1	150	1225	1285	1365		
18		Mast height (fork lowered)			mm	1	995	2075 212		2125		
3	16	Overall height !	ork raised	with backrest	mm	4030		4	1250 4250			
۱ ۵	17	Height of head	quard		mm	2	120	2140		2140		
	18	Turning raduis	outside)		mm	2170	2240	2445	2495	2530		
	19	Distance from f	rant wheel center to	o forks face	mm	- 4	466 480		485	485		
	20	Right angle stacking aisle (excluding goods length and clearance)			mm	2615	2690	2925	2975	2940		
	l		Max. travelling	full load	km/h		20		20			
12	21		speed	no load	km/h		20		20			
Į ž	22			full load	mm/s	560	550	475	460	380		
16	**	Speed	Lifting speed	no load	mm/s	5	80		000	480		
PERFORMANCE	23	1	Lowering speed	full load	mm/s	410	400	400		10		
١4	23		cowering speed	no load	mm/s	380	390	380	4	00		

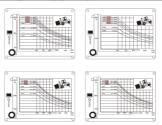
SPECIFICATIONS

		Manufacturer						TEU			
		Model				PLB20	FLB25	FLB30	FLB35	FLB40	
	24	Maximum tractio	on force	full load/no load	kg	1650	1650/830		1800	/1000	
	25 Maximum Gradeability		ability	full load/no load	%	20/20			20/20		
	26	Truck weight(without battery)			kg	3360	3830	4320	4660	5060	
2		Weight	Full load	front	kg	4740	5390	6230	6880	7910	
WEIGHTS	27	Distribution	Full load	rear	kg	630	900	1000	1160	1180	
¥	21	(with standard	No load	front	kg	1490	1360	1580	1550	1780	
		battery)	NO IONG	rear	kg	1850	2450	2740	3110	3280	
			Number	front/rear				2/2	2/2		
	28	Tires	Model	front axie		7.00-12-12PR		28x9-1	5-12PR	250-15-166	
글			MODEL	rear ade		6.00-9-10PR		6.50-10-10PR		6.50-10-10	
WHEELS	29	Wheelbase			mm	1600			700	1800	
85		Tread		front	mm	970 1000		1060	1120		
SS	30			rear	mm	970			970		
CHASSIS	31	Ground	At lowest point	t (mast)	mm	1	10		120		
٥	51	Clearence	Frame		mm	1	.05		125		
	32	Brake	Service brake					Hydraulic-foot	pedal		
	34	urake	Parking brake					Mechanical-har	d lever		
ž	33	Battery (standard)	Voltage/capaci	ty	V/AH	153.61	V110AH		153.6V/165	HA	
	33	(standard)	Optional batte	ry	AH	165AH	//220AH		220AH	1	
DRIVE	34	Electric motors	Drive motor		KW			20			
á	1	electric motors	Hydraulic moto	or .	KW			20			

LOAD CHART

A CAUTION

The load charts below refer to the lift trucks of standard specifications, and those with high mast whose lifting height is less than 5m. Lift trucks with a high mast whose lifting heights is 5m or higher, or those with an attachment have different load charts.



BRAKE PEDAL 90mm Height of brake pedal 90mm Play of brake pedal 5mm

Parking lever
Basic operating power----------150-170N (15-17kg)

TIGHTENING TORQUE OF BOLTS AND NUTS

Rear axle (axle-frame) 427-634N-m (43.1-64.7 kg-m)
Mast support (mast-frame)

-----134-200N-m (13.6-20.4 kg-m)

Fuse Truck model	FLB20/25	FLB30/40
F1 (for traveling inverter)	425A	425A
F2 (for hydraulic pump circuit inverter)	425A	425A
F3 (EPS circuit)	50A	50A
F4 (48-V control power supply)	15A	15A
F5 (lamp circuit)	15A	15A
F6 (battery charger output circuit)	15A	15A
F7 (70-V control power supply)	-	-

For replacement of any fuse is needed, consult your local TEU dealer.

AFTER_THE_SALE SERVICE

SERIAL NUMBERS OF MAJOR COMPONENTS



In addition to the truck serial number, the serial numbers (unit numbers) of major components are imprinted on the truck or indicated on decals. The picture above shows the serial number plate of the mast. These number plates should be retained for future reference in servicing.

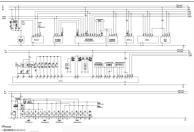
TELPS GENIUME PARTS

However excellent the product is, it deteriorates as used for extended period of time. To ensure the best performance of the lift truck, use the same genuine TEU parts as those used for new trucks.

When ordering spare parts, be sure to designate TEU'S genuine GENUINE TEU LUBRICANTS

Use genuine TEU'S lubricants for lubrication.

ELECTRICAL SCHEMATIC



1, ESPARSE (3-16) (5-1) The origin talley park reference—(40) (50)— 5, (241)—SHI BROOKS SHI GREEN (455) 5, (641)—SHI BROOKS SHI GREEN (455

A. CANY-BECAN, DISCRESSRETTINGS GREEN TORRESCON, DATE AND ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY OF THE L. CANY-BECAUSING PROPERTY OF THE

AFTER-SALES SERVICE

Operating License No______

Date Of Delivery _____

Forklift File

Vehicle Type	Date Of Purchase
Vehicle Manufacture No	Designated Maintenance Factory
Forklift Weight	
Max.Loading Weight	Designated Maintenance Factory Tel
Mast Type	
Mast Manufactur No	
Key No	
Vehicle Management No	
Vehicle Manager	